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CABINET ORDERS SZECHUEN CHIEFS TO STOP BATTLE

Mandate Commands Heads Of Opposing Forces To Come To Peking

RELIEF PROVIDED

$200,000 Is Voted For Sufferers From Civil Strife In West

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, August 9.—A mandate instructs the Ministry of Finance to appropriate $200,000 to be handed to General Wu Kwang-hsin for distribution among the sufferers in Szechuen.

Hsu Shih-chen has been appointed Vice-Minister of War. This appointment is welcomed in political circles, especially in view of the fact that Hsu was dismissed from his post of Chief Secretary to the Cabinet in order to appease the Kuomintang for the dismissal of Sun Hung-yi.

A mandate regarding the situation in Szechuen states:

"Some time ago, owing to disputes between the troops stationed at Chengtu, General Lo Pei-chin and General Liu Tsun-hou were ordered to come to Peking but up to the present neither has reported to the Government the date of their coming.

"On the contrary, General Liu Tsun-hou bombarded Chengtu and forced General Tai Kan, the acting Tuchun, to take refuge outside the city, with the result that the Szechuen and Yunnan troops are now engaged in deadly combat in Chijen, Kiating and other districts, which have been entirely devastated.

"If resorting to armed conflict and disregard of the orders of the Government are to continue the laws of the country will be thrown overboard.

"Apart from appointing General Wu Kwung-hsin to make a careful investigation of the cause of the trouble, General Liu Tsun-hou, who has already been deprived of his office, and General Lo Pei-chin, who has been transferred to a new post, are ordered to obey the mandate referred to and to come to Peking immediately.

Troops To Be Transferred

"The troops under their respective commands shall be transferred to the command to General Chow Tao-kang, who shall exercise strict control in order to avoid further disputes.

"At the same time all troops from Yunnan and Kweichow now in Szechuen are ordered to retire from the province without delay.

"We are seriously concerned at the disappearance of General Tai Kan, who suffered considerably in his efforts to maintain peace in Szechuen and whose whereabouts are still unknown. Chow Tao-kang and other officials who were instructed to ascertain his whereabouts have not yet submitted their reports to the Government. They are now ordered to appoint special officials to conduct a special inquiry and to acquaint the Government of the result of their investigation without delay.

"The people of the province, who are suffering from the effects of repeated civil strife, should now be enabled to enjoy peace so that they may recuperate.

"All commanders of troops who have a conscience ought to be moved by the sight of the suffering of the population and therefore they are exhorted to lay down their arms in order to fulfil the wishes of the Central Government and bring peace to the people."

Attack Is Being Pressed

Although the commanders of the Yunnan and Kweichow troops in Szechuen have telegraphed stating that they have ceased their advance on Chengtu in compliance with the orders of the Government, the latest reports indicate that they are advancing rapidly towards Chengtu and Chungkiang. The Yunnanese have driven the Szechuenese out of Kiatingfu and have reached Tanleng. Further fighting has also occurred at Jenshow.

The appointment of General Wu Kwang-hsin as Commander in Chief of the Upper Yangtsze and investigation commissioner in Szechuen, is taken to indicate that the Government is determined to settle the situation in Szechuen promptly, by peaceful means if possible, but there is no doubt that General Wu Kwang-hsin will be permitted to lead a large force of northern troops into Szechuen and if necessary use them in order to suppress the disturbance. Shansi and Shensi have been instructed to prepare to co-operate with General Wu

(Continued on Page 2)

Assessor Grant Jones Enunciates New Theory Of The Right Of Asylum

No Hearing Necessary, Only "Appearance," He Says, Handing Alleged Assassins Over

In turning over to the Chinese authorities seven men charged with the murder in Hangchow on July 13 of Dzau Li-waung, chief of staff to the Tuchun of Chekiang, Assessor Grant-Jones in the Mixed Court yesterday referred to the correspondence between the Municipal Council and Consul-General Sammons in the Ting Hwai case as reported in the Municipal Gazette of Wednesday.

Regarding the allusion of the Acting Chairman to "the great principle for which the Council contends. . . that no Chinese resident of the Settlement shall be removed therefrom without a preliminary hearing in the Mixed Court," the Assessor stated that insofar as this referred to permanent residents he agreed. For transient visitors the word "appearance" should be substituted for "hearing." Other phases of the Ting Hwai case were also referred to.

The seven accused—Zung Yoong-zien, Lo Pah-yung, Woo Kwe-kaung, Woo Zee-foh, Loo Vung-jung, Dzien Tung-sz and Lieu San-tsang—were represented by Mr. Stirling Fessenden. Eight men were named in the original charge but one Tsang Wei-sung, alleged to have given information leading to the arrests to a Chinese detective's second, was not produced in Court yesterday.

Mr. Fessenden, after the police rested the prosecution, called one witness to the stand, then concluded for the defense. Nothing had been proved, he said, to connect the men with the murder. They had all testified that they came from Shaohsing to Shanghai during July and there was only evidence tending to show that two of them had been in Hangchow the day of the shooting. As for the so-called informer, Mr. Fessenden's idea was that he was a myth, a fairy-tale, conceived of by those who brought about the arrest in order to claim the reward offered. The Assessor said that since the men were not residents it was his view that they should not be withheld from the proper authorities. Mr. Fessenden submitted that in that case there was no use in his proceeding further.

Mr. Grant-Jones then gave the following as his theory of the Right of Asylum:

"My attention has been drawn to a correspondence published in the Municipal Gazette this morning in which the acting chairman of the Council alludes to 'the great principle for which the council contends and has contended for many years, that no Chinese resident in the Settlement shall be removed therefrom without a preliminary hearing in the Mixed Court.' This principle is apparently based upon the resolution of the ratepayers which was passed in 1902 in consequence of the action of a former American Consul-General at this Court. It must, however, be clearly understood that the practice and procedure of the Court rest, not upon resolutions of ratepayers or contention of their executive committee, the Municipal Council, but upon purely legal foundations. If the term resident, as used by the acting chairman, be taken as referring to a bona fide resident of some permanency, then we are in agreement with the view expressed in that letter. We are not so in agreement if the term may be extended to cover persons whose residence is merely temporary, as was the case in recent proceedings. And it is to be observed that this differentiation has its genesis so far back as the Mixed Court rules of 1869. As referring to these transient visitors, the word 'appearance' should be substituted for the word hearing and the Court on such appearance will make such investigation and such order as to the Court shall seem fit.

"It is of course absurd to contend that an officer of police is in the position to give an assurance or undertaking as to the course which this or any other Court will adopt."

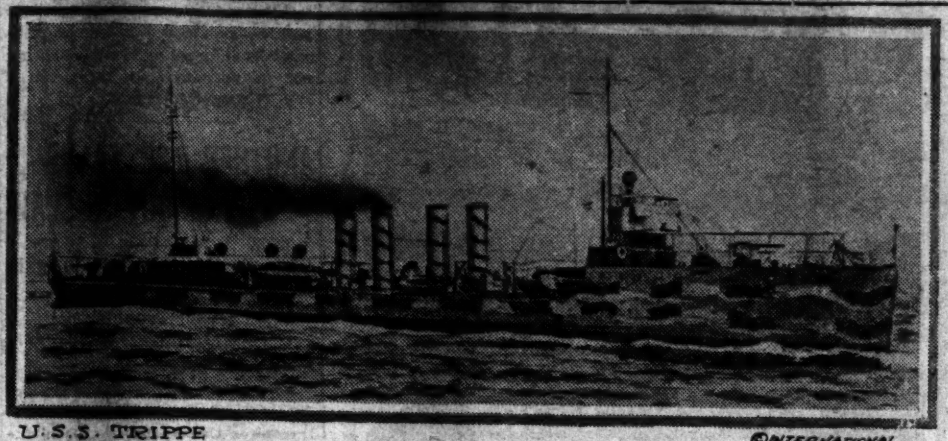
Here the Assessor referred to the case in court. He continued:

"With regard to the prisoners before us the evidence which has been produced is at any rate the foundation of a suspicion that these persons may know something about the brutal murder that has been committed at Hangchow. Are they then entitled as residents to any protection of this Court at all? They are not. All that this Court is concerned with is to ascertain that its process is not being abused and there is no reason to suppose in the present case that that process is being abused.

"We cannot assume, as some persons would apparently have us do, that these men will not be properly treated or tried by the authorities of tribunals of their own country. We are not entitled to assume anything of the kind. Such an assumption may be made by journalists and other laymen but cannot be entertained by this Court. And it is not without interest to observe that some such assumption was the only conceivable basis for the ill-considered and ill-tempered agitation which has recently found expression in a certain section of the local press."

The prisoners were then handed over.

How Uncle Sam's Destroyers Are Disguised



U.S.S. TRIPPE ©INTERNATIONAL.

This is how warships are disguised when on war duty. The peculiar design is said to cause them to blend into the sea when at any distance from the observer. It is probable that all of the United States destroyers now in service in British waters have been decorated in this fashion to conceal them as much as possible from German submarines.

GERMAN ARTILLERY POUNDING NEAR YPRES

British Make Successful Raid And French Advance Lines Near Bixshoote

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 8.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports: We carried out a successful raid last night near Lombartzyde. The enemy's artillery was active eastward and northward of Ypres, particularly in the neighborhoods of Westhoek and the Ypres-Staden railway.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports this evening:

There has been heavy rain during the day.

The French gained ground northwestward of Bixshoote.

We repulsed raiders northward of Roeux and in the neighborhood of Oppe.

There has been great enemy artillery activity eastward of Ypres.

Despite the weather our aeroplanes bombed an ammunition depot and also railway tracks, sidings and trains forty miles behind the German lines, doing much damage. They derailed one train and blew up another. A British aeroplane is missing.

A German official communique reports: The English, after drum-fire, advanced from Nieuport northward and north-eastward but were driven back after hand-to-hand fighting.

We repulsed strong attacks by the enemy in the neighborhood of Bixshoote. We penetrated Bois des Caurieres.

Paris, August 8.—The official communique issued this afternoon reports: There was very marked reciprocal artillery activity yesterday evening on most of the Aisne front. Our fire repulsed detachments of the enemy attempting to approach our lines east of Vauxaillon and west of California Plateau.

The official communique issued this evening reports:

There have been fairly violent artillery actions in the region of the Pantheon, La Royere, on the right of the Meuse and at Caurieres Wood and Douaumont.

AMERICAN OFFICIALS PLAY BASEBALL TODAY

Big All-Star Benefit Battle At 4.30 For American Women's War Relief Work

The undefeated U. S. Navy Officers baseball team will do battle at 4.30 o'clock this afternoon with the all-star nine of the American Officials Ashore, which has never been beaten. So far as is known neither aggregation has ever played a game of baseball and it is said that many of the contestants will have their first formal introduction to Mr. A. G. Spalding's pastiming paraphernalia today. A terrific engagement is expected and property risks in the neighborhood of the Race Course have jumped 20 per cent.

When the smoke clears away a voluntary contribution will be taken for the benefit of the American Women's War Relief Work, in behalf of which the athletes will perform.

The line-ups for both teams are full of possibilities and it is anticipated that a lot of big league material will turn up. Scouts from the Shanghai Baseball Club and the regular Navy nines, however, are barred from the field until the game is over.

The players are:

Navy Officers.		Officials Ashore.
Jolidon.....	c.	.....Lafleche
Varnam.....	p.	.....Schnare
McFeaters.....	1b.	.....Murray
Mitchell.....	2b.	.....Williams
Lew.s.....	3b.	.....Perkins
(Capt.)		(Capt.)
Portello.....	ss.	.....Adams
Hair.....	lf.	.....Spiker
Shirley.....	cf.	.....Holcomb
Brown	rf.	.....McRae
(mgr.)		(mgr.)

J. C. Bristow and Dr. Stephenson have been elected to umpire. Both will be permitted to wear arms and in case of disputes spectators will kindly refrain from cheering or otherwise bothering the officials' aim.

The Weather

Fine and hot. The maximum temperature yesterday was 97 and the minimum 77.2, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 88.8 and 75.2, respectively.

Japanese Exports Will Be Inspected By The Government

Aimed To Prevent Damage To Trade Reputation By Shipment Of Inferior Goods

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Tokio, August 8.—The Government has decided on compulsory inspection of exports in order to prevent the export of goods of inferior quality which is damaging the commercial credit of the nation. This inspection will apply to matches, knitted work, glass, enamelled wares and braids and will be enforced from about the middle of October.

MILLION MORE ACRES UNDER CULTIVATION

Increase In Britain's Food Supply And Consequent Release Of Tonnage

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 7.— In the House of Commons, today, Mr. R. E. Prothero, President of the Board of Agriculture, said that about a million acres have been added to the land under corn and potatoes. Assuming that six hundred thousand acres of this was under essential grains, sufficient tonnage had been freed to bring to Great Britain the entire supply of last year's American cotton. This meant security for manufacturing materials to the value of £32,000,000 sterling annually and between £6,000,000 and £7,000,000 in operatives wages.

It is stated that the ninepenny loaf will be purchaseable from August 15.

The Premier today informed the Executive of the Miners Federation of Great Britain that intertrading between members of the Produce Exchange has been prohibited, by which means profiteering in the wholesale produce markets has been stopped.

Alfonso Intercedes For Hospital Ships

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 8.—It is understood that the suggestion that Spanish officers should be present on hospital ships emanated from King Alfonso, who throughout the war has been conspicuously solicitous for the wounded.

23 BRITISH VESSELS TORPEDOED IN WEEK

21 Of Over 1,600 Tons Sunk By Submarines, Admiralty Reports

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 8.—The Admiralty announces that last week 2,673 merchantmen arrived and 2,796 left ports of the United Kingdom. Twenty-one over and two under 1,600 tons were sunk and 13 unsuccessfully attacked during the same period.

Rome, August 8.—During the week ending the 5th, 487 vessels arrived and 442 sailed from Italian ports. Two steamers and a small sailing vessel were sunk during the the same period.

THE POOR KAISER! NOW IT'S LIBERIA

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, August 7.—Liberia has declared war against Germany.

SCHEIDEMANN DEMANDS A NEW GOVERNMENT

Socialist Leader Declares Germany Must Be Ruled By People's Representatives

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, August 8.—It is reported that the German Socialist leader, Herr Scheidemann, in a speech made at a meeting of 6,000 people at Mannheim, demanded in the interests of peace, the speedy substitution for the present government of a government really representing the will of the people.

Serious Rail Strikes In New South Wales

20,000 Have Quit Work, Forcing Suspension Of Operations Of Collieries

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 7.—Twenty thousand railway-men and tramway-men in New South Wales have struck work, objecting to a new system of supervision. They have rejected the offer made by the Government of a conference on the subject provided work is resumed immediately. The men employed in the collieries on the South Coast are idle owing to lack of transport.

The Government has intimated that the strikers will lose seniority unless they resume their work by Friday, when the public will be asked to volunteer assistance.

The tramway-men in Melbourne and two thousand railway-men in Queensland have also struck, the latter demanding an increase of pay which shall be retrospective.

BRITISH LABOR MEETING IN LONDON ON FRIDAY

Sending Of Delegates To Stockholm Conference To Be Decided By It

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 8.—Very great interest is being taken in the National Labor Conference meeting on Aug. 10, which will decide whether delegates shall be sent to Stockholm.

Opinion is fairly sharply divided and important preliminary meetings have been necessary in order to reach decisions regarding the course to be adopted by the representative bodies attending the conference.

It is stated that the Miners' Federation will hear a personal explanation from Mr. Arthur Henderson before deciding how its 600,000 votes shall be cast.

The division of opinion is reflected in the press, one section denouncing the idea of British intercourse with enemy Socialists during the war, and the other section dwelling on the danger of estranging Russia if the delegates do not go, pointing out that in such an event the impressionable Russians will be an easy prey to the German Socialists.

Washington Orders Aeroplane Factory To Be Built At Once

Will Be Constructed In 100 Days And Cost G.$1,000,000

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, August 8.—The Government has ordered the construction of an air-craft factory in the Navy Yard at Philadelphia which will cost G$1,000,000, be completed in a hundred days, employ 2,000 workers and produce a thousand small aeroplanes a year.

ROYAL HONORS SUBJECT OF DEBATE IN LORDS

System Advocated To Stop Their Being Awarded In Payment For Political Services

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 7.—In the House of Lords, today, the Earl of Selborne drew attention to the wide belief that Honors are sometimes awarded unjustifiably and suggested that whenever an Honor is conferred on anyone, excepting Royalty and members of the naval, military and civil services, the reasons for which they are conferred should be attached and, secondly, that the Prime Minister should assure the Sovereign that no payment or expectation of payment is in any way associated with the recommendation. The Earl of Selborne stated that both political parties were tarred with the same brush.

The Marquis of Crewe admitted that some of the recent Honors had given rise to strong exception, but the suggestion made by the Earl of Selborne was impracticable.

Earl Curzon said that Honors have been much democratised recently and this was one of the best safeguards against abuse. The discussion was then dropped.

Regulation Urged For U.S. Cotton Exports

Council Also Recommends Lumber And Sugar Be Added To Supervised List

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, August 8.—The Exports Council recommends that lumber, sugar and cotton shall be placed on the list of goods for which export licences are required. It desires especially to control shipments of cotton, of which Germany is in desperate need.

GERMAN TROOPS MUTINY IN ANTWERP, IS REPORT

Refuse To Go To Ypres Front And Are Placed Under Arrest

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, August 7.—A report from the frontier which appears in the Telegraaf confirms the rumors that recently three hundred German troops in Antwerp mutinied and threw down their rifles when ordered to go to the Ypres front. They were quickly overpowered and taken to their barracks in handcuffs.

RUSSIAN CABINET, REORGANISED, HAS ITS FIRST MEETING

All Five Parties Represented In Government Formed By Kerensky

NEW MEN NAMED

Only Three Members Of Provisional Ministry Are Given Portfolios

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, August 7.—At the first meeting of the new Government, M. Kerensky, who presided, said that attention must be concentrated on national defence and organisation in the rear.

It is worthy of note that all five parties, including the Cadets, participating in the conference on August 3, which passed a vote of confidence in M. Kerensky, are included in the National Cabinet.

The following stand out among the new Ministers:

M. Savinkov, the Assistant Minister of War, who was prominent at the front promoting the offensive and combating the demoralisation of the army.

M. Lebedev, the Assistant Minister of Marine, a Lieutenant in the French Army, who has had previous experience in the Ministry of Marine.

M. Nekrasoff, Minister of Finance, and M. Tereschenko, Minister for Foreign Affairs, are the only two, excepting M. Kerensky, who belong to the original Provisional Government. The former was nine years a member of the Budget Committee of the Duma.

M. Tseretelli declined office but promised the Cabinet all the assistance he could give.

M. Avskentieff, Minister of the Interior, is President of the Executive of the Peasants' Delegates.

Four of Cadets' Party

The Cabinet includes four members of the Cadets' Party.

The Novoe Vremya states that the Russians have evacuated the towns of Kamanets-Podolsky, at the confluence of the Zbrucz and Dniester, and Proskuroff, 58 miles north-north-east.

London, August 8.—The Times correspondent at the headquarters of the Russian 7th Army, in a message dated the 2nd, says that the immediate objective of the enemy apparently is a bold attempt to cut off the troops remaining in the Carpathians and Rumania and, hence, the enemy is striking between Kamanets-Podolsky and Czernovitz, where the Russians are unable to continue their advance.

Army Needs Allied Officers

The Russian Commander-in-Chief, General Korniloff, in an interview said that the second phase of the war is only beginning. It was impossible for Russia to conclude a separate peace, which would convert her into a German Colony. The new Government must invite the Allies to reorganise the railways for warfare and the British and French officers must help to drill the ten million Russians who have been enrolled but are not in perfect training.

A German official communique reported: Austro-Hungarian troops stormed and occupied several summits in the wooded Carpathians.

We extended our successes northward of Focsani in bitter fighting. Counter-attacks made by the Russo-Rumanian forces were futile.

A Russian communique reports: In the region of the confluence of the Zbrucz we took the offensive and captured the villages of Barychkovcy and Wygoda, and the Heights westward of the last named village. We took 300 prisoners. We repulsed attacks northwestward of the Sereth.

The enemy occupied two Heights westward of Dzeokni, southwestward of Sotchi. We retired eastward on both sides of the Kimpolung Road. The enemy pressed us back northward of Bisigestchi.

RESTORATION OF SERVIA CONDITION OF PEACE

Britain Will Fight Till It Is Free Of Invader, Says Lloyd-George

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 8.—Mr. Lloyd George speaking at a luncheon given by the Servian Society at the Savoy Hotel today said that we owe more to M. Pasitch, the Servian Premier, and M. Venizelos than he could possibly reveal at the present time.

Servia, which had been covered by the dirt of Turkish barbarism, was about to be cleansed and would yet appear fresh and wonderful.

The first condition of peace was her complete restoration without reservation. However long the war may last British honor was involved in seeing that Servia was freed. Servia and Belgium are the guardians of the gates and bravely have they defended them. The Servian troops although overwhelmed have never been disheartened and are still guarding the gate. "We extend again the hand of friendship to Servia. We will go through the war together to the end."

In the course of a speech Lord Robert Cecil declared that he was convinced that there was no inconsistency between the aims of Italy and Servia. He described M. Pasitch as the grand old man of Servia.

M. Pasitch, after expressing the deepest thanks for what Great Britain had done for the small nations, said that Germany now spoke of an honorable peace. Such a peace could only be secured if the peoples under Austrian and German rule are set free. "If France gets back Alsace-Lorraine; if the Italians accomplish unity with their still unredeemed brethern; if unity of the Serbs, Croats, and Slovines is achieved; if the Czechs and Slovaks are united and independent and if the Polish and Ruthenian questions are solved, then only will an honorable peace be secured."

Szechuen Fight Worries Peking

(Continued from Page 1)

Kwang-hsin's force should necessity arise.

Chengtu, August 4.—It is reported that the Szechuenese have obtained a decisive victory at Kiating and Jenshowhsien over the Yunnanese. The Yunnanese re-took Tszeyanghsien, but the Szechuenese finally drove them out.

Shensi is sending a number of large guns to strengthen the local artillery.

The approximate casualties in the fighting just before July 24 are said to be over 300 Kweichow troops killed and over 600 Szechuenese troops killed and 500 wounded. The number of Kweichow wounded is not known. The number of houses burned in Chengtu has not yet been published.

Peking Bankers Awaiting Instructions On Loan

(From the Chinese Press)

Japan will not make any advances to the proposed big loan to China if the sum, or part of it, is to be utilised for military purposes to put pressure on the Republicans in the South, according to a formal statement given by Mr. Odagiri, the Japanese banking representative at a conference of the British, French, Russian and Japanese bankers at the Peking branch of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Tuesday. He flatly asserted that if the loan is to defray the expenses of a political dispute, his government will not allow the advance to be paid.

Consequently, Liang Chi-chao, Minister of Finance, called a conference at his department and proposed to his subordinates to make a detailed report of the different items to be liquidated with the loan so as to remove any suspicion.

The following points were decided at the conference at the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank by the bankers with reference to the proposed loan, and each bank has wired home for sanction for an advance of $10,000,000.

1.—Name:—The Second Reorganisation loan.

2.—Total Amount:—$100,000,000.

3.—The Use of the Loan:—To refund short term loans, the expense for reorganisation of the armies, and fund to subsidise provincial expense, etc.

4.—Securities:—Surplus of Salt Gabelle.

5.—Advances:—When the agreement is decided an advance of $20,000,000 will be paid and the rest will be paid in four instalments.

6.—Payment be made at 95 per cent.

7.—The principal to be commenced to be refunded from the 5th year.

8.—The representatives in Peking of the British, French, Russian and Japanese Banks will represent the bankers and the Minister of Finance will represent the Chinese government.

9.—The agreement may be signed when the report of the actual condition of the market of the four nations issuing bonds is received.

10.—Both sides shall not have any further changes.

PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN

anywhere, any place, any time.
Have some views of your home or office taken

Burr 2 Broadway

Britain's National Service Girls

GIRL FARMER ©INTERNATIONAL

Practical training in farm work is now being given by the English authorities in Cornwall. Hundreds of girls have joined women's organisations under the National Service scheme. The photograph shows one of the "National Service" girls who is learning to be a farmer, vaulting a fence to do "her bit" on the plot of ground assigned to her.

Feng Sends To Nanking For 10,000 More Troops

(From the Chinese Press)

Acting-President Feng Kuo-chang has instructed General Shih Ching-yin, the chief of the military staff of the Kiangsu Tuchun and his former aide-de-camp, to despatch two divisions (20,000 troops) of the Hsuan Wu Army to the Capital with Shih as the commander.

Moved by repeated calls from the Peking Government, Admiral Sah Cheng-ping left yesterday for the Capital to take up his office as Inspector-General of the Sea Forces.

The mandate ordering the convocation of the National Council will be held at least for the present since the number of provinces which have endorsed the measure has not yet reached two-thirds of the number of the provinces.

General Tuan Chi-jui desires to reserve the post of the Revenue Commissioner for Liang Shih-yi, to the great disappointment of many of the aspirants for the position. Liang has wired that he will soon come to Peking. His first political move will be the reorganisation of the Kung Ming Tang, of which he and Yi Kung-chieh were the promoters.

General Yung Keh-wu, commanding the fifth National Division of Troops at Chungking, is ready to resist the armed forces of Wu Kwan-shin, the newly appointed Szechuen investigation commissioner. He has commandeered numerous vessels on the Yangtsze to check any movement on the river by General Wu.

General Chiang Cho-ping, assistant chief of general staff under President Li Yuan-hung, who has been living in hermitage since Chang Hsun's coup d'etat, has returned to Peking to investigate the reason why President Li is unable to leave the Capital even after he has handed over his Presidency.

Officers of the Tientsin Court of Procurators recently petitioned the government, alleging that their Chief Procurator, Chi Ying-che, received a bribe of Tls. 200,000 in allowing Hsu Shih-ying, ex-minister of communications, to escape before the conclusion of the notorious Hua Mei Company. Justice Ling Chang-ming has despatched a certain commission to investigate the matter secretly.

Liang Chi-chao, the Finance Minister, refuses to sign the agreement for the loan negotiated for the Bank of Communications.

General Chen Kwan-yuan has started for his new post as Tuchun of Kiangsi with two divisions of troops.

Liang Chi-chao intends to request the Acting-President to pardon Dr. Chen Chin-tao and Chia Shih-yi, found guilty in the Paoli case, which is still pending at the Supreme Court on account of Chen's appeal. Chen is sick; but an application by his son, Chen Yin-chien, for bail has been rejected.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru Aug. 10
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo M. Aug. 13
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. Aug. 16
Per R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk Aug. 17

For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—
Per O.S.K. s.s. Panama M. Aug. 11
Per T.K.K. s.s. Tenyo Maru Aug. 13
Per P.M. s.s. Venezuela Aug. 18

For Europe:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Atsuta M. Aug. 21
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hitachi M. Aug. 31

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British Troops Barred From All Politics

Forbidden By Law To Join Soldiers' And Workmen's Councils

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 8.—In the House of Commons, today, Mr. J. I. McPherson stated that the War Cabinet has decided that Paragraph 451 of the King's Regulations, which forbids soldiers to participate in politics, should be strictly and impartially enforced and soldiers should not be permitted to join Soldiers' and Workmen's Councils.

ANOTHER RAIL STRIKE BREAKS OUT IN SPAIN

Council Of Ministers Again Called To Suppress Internal Troubles

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 8.—There is a recurrence of trouble in Spain. It transpires that there has been another railway-strike as the result of which the Council of Ministers considered measures to prevent any interruption of traffic and sabotage. The Council also agreed to re-establish the press censorship.

IRISH CONVENTION RESUMES SESSIONS

Chairman Suggests Procedure For Considering Various Forms Of Government

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 8.—The Press Bureau announces that at the Irish Convention today the Chairman, Sir Horace Plunkett, suggested a procedure whereby existing schemes for the government of Ireland should be examined and presented for consideration at the Convention. The Convention decided to appoint a standing Committee to consult with the Chairman regarding general procedure.

War Until Victorious, Parliament Resolves

New Zealand Legislators Urge There Be No Peace Till Kaiser Is Defeated

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Wellington, N. Z., August 8.—Parliament has passed a resolution in favor of carrying on the war till Germany is vanquished and paying a tribute to the gallantry and courage of the New Zealanders who are fighting. The members afterwards sang the National Anthem.

Venizelos Assures Union with Epirus

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Athens, August 7.—At the first sitting today of the Venezelist Parliament elected on May 31, 1915, the Greek Premier, M. Venizelos, replying to a petition made by the Deputies from Northern Epirus for admission to the Chamber, said the union of the Epirus with the Motherland in the near future was a foregone conclusion.

MEDICAL HEAD RESIGNS

Director of British Service Quits Because of Attacks

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, August 8.—The Daily News states that Admiral Sir Alfred Keogh, Director-General of the Army Medical Service, has resigned in consequence of attacks on the Army Medical Service.

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American Paper Outwits Teuton Government's Spies

'Providence Journal' Employes Got Confidential Positions With German Officials and Exposed Plots Against Allies

Shortly after the war began the Providence Journal, an American newspaper of only medium size which up to that time was not widely known, began a series of revelations concerning the activities of Teutonic spies in the United States which attracted first national and then international attention. Recently the Editor of the Providence Journal, Mr. John R. Rathom, in an address before the Canadian Press Association at Toronto, Canada, related the sensational story of how the Journal had secured these remarkable "beats."

The Toronto Star prints the salient features of Mr. Rathom's revelations, as given herewith, and remarks that the work of the Providence Journal in uncovering Hun conspiracies in the United States "had much to do with bringing the republic into the war."

'Some Inside History'

The address was entitled, "Some Inside History," and lifted the veil from the mystery as to how the Providence Journal was able to reveal German conspiracies in the United States.

The Journal happened upon its course of exposure through having had for ten years before the war what other papers described as a "bug" on wireless telegraphy. The papers had maintained two powerful wireless plants at Point Judith and at Block Island. When war broke out they had decided to "listen in" on the messages crossing the Atlantic. For five months they kept record of these messages, and then they set out to find the codes and make revelations. Of the material they secured they used only a fractional part.

One of Mr. Rathom's women stenographers was sent and secured an appointment in the Austrian Consulate in New York. Other of his workers were constantly engaged in shadowing Captain Boy-Ed, Capt. von Papen, former Austrian Ambassador Dumba, the German Ambassador Bernstorff, and other German and Austrian officials. The two wireless plants unceasingly listened in two shifts of operators at work day and night, on Sayville and Nantucket, the two wireless stations which were being used mostly by the Germans to keep in touch with Berlin, from where they received instructions for every detail for their plotting policy.

For the United States Government the Brooklyn Navy Yard had had instructions to keep a close watch on the Sayville and Nantucket stations, but nothing suspicious was ever reported until Mr. Rathom took some of the messages which he had received from his operators, to the State Department. It was then learned that the Navy Yard operators had been in the pay of German agents in America, and had been told not to hear too much.

Ingenious Codes

The codes used by the Germans were of the most ingenious nature. Many of them pretended to be stock quotations, and some were even done up as funeral directions. In some cases, however, the codes showed evidence of the "green blubber," referred to by the speaker, as on one occasion when Mr. Rathom was able to go to President Wilson and show him copies of eight separate messages sent by the wireless plant within nine days, all relating that "little Emily" had died of such and such an illness, in a certain part of a room, had been buried in a certain cemetery besides such and such a previously deceased relative. In every one of these messages the illness, the part of the room, the name of the relative, the cemetery, and so on, varied and a clear code was detected in each of the messages.

Green Blubber In Brain

The first revelation which Mr. Rathom told illustrated the German capacity for blundering. It was the story of Werner Horne—the man who was responsible for the attempt to blow up the Vanceboro bridge. Horne had been detected as a German spy by one of the Journal reporters in New York. In an effort to disguise himself, Horne allowed his beard to grow for three days, put on an old suit which he purchased for three dollars (even this detail was reported) and packed his personal effects in an old carpet bag. Having carried out these elaborate precautions he took passage for the point where the "job" was to be done on one of the finest and most luxurious trains in the United States. As is well known now, he was caught. When asked later by Mr. Rathom why he had been foolish enough to travel first class in such shabby dress, Horne replied that he was a German officer and a gentleman, and always traveled in the best style.

German Attache To Japan Involved

Another German scheme in which the Journal reporters outwitted the Teutons occurred soon after in New York also. A fraudulent passport bureau, operated by German officials, was discovered doing a land office business in an office building on Broadway. The Journal—faking as a public accountant on the one side and a manufacturers' agent on the other—sandwiched the passport forgers between them. Every word that passed in this office recorded by means of the instruments used for that purpose, and reported to the Providence Journal. When sufficient evidence was gathered the United States Secret Service was notified, and the three forgers were taken away. As soon as they had been removed, three of the Journal's employees were allowed to take charge of the office to receive the patrons. It was not long after that von Papen and the German military attache at Tokio came in with a list of names of men for whom he desired passports. The name at the top of the list was that of Werner Horne.

Journal Man As Bernstorff's Secretary

"A friend of mine," said Mr. Rathom, "thinking himself very friendly, but in a thing which I objected to, went to Paris and while there bought a lot of war relics. Among them was one of the first iron crosses that had been given by the German Emperor to a major of a German regiment, who died on the field and whose cross had been taken from him and sent to Paris. It was sold to my friend, with statements as to whom it had belonged, and my friend sent it to me. I sent it to Bernstorff with a letter, saying that that mark of honorable distinction of a man who had done his duty for his country belongs to his family; I gave the name of the man and the name of the family, and begged him to take care of the cross so that it could be sent back after the war or at some time to the man's people.

"The ambassador tore the note to pieces, threw the note in the face of the man I sent, and threw the cross on the floor, saying that, after having been defiled by the hands of American dogs that cross was of no use to anybody in Germany. I knew my man was telling the truth, because the man I had in there reported the incident to me exactly the way he did. Incidentally I might say that individual to whom I refer was in the German embassy seventeen months as one of the ambassador's secretaries, and the ambassador had no knowledge that he was not what he pretended to be until the Frederick VIII left New York for Halifax. He said to my man: 'You had better get aboard or you will lose your boat,' and he replied: 'I am safer on this side.' Mr. Bernstorff had no idea of that man's identity or whom he was serving until he left New York. And he wrote a letter from Halifax to a friend in New York which he attempted to get sent back, but which was intercepted, telling some of his friends what he thought of this individual.

When Huerta Met Boy-Ed

"The famous Huerta case, the attempt of the German government to embroil us with Mexico, an attempt that the recent Zimmermann letter proved, beyond any doubt to be true, was already proved by us a long time before. Early in the war my man in the embassy—I say my man; you must pardon me for that; I mean our man, because I am not the Providence Journal—was ordered by Capt. Boy-Ed to go to New York and get a suite of six quiet rooms in a hotel where Boy-Ed and his people could meet Huerta. Naturally enough, my man, being loyal, could do nothing else than select the rooms we selected for him, so he went to the Manhattan Hotel and got a suite of rooms which we rigged up with the apparatus I spoke of; and to make assurance doubly sure, I got another man to act as chauffeur on the auto that brought Huerta. They had their conference, and at the conclusion of that conference every word that was uttered—uttered through an interpreter, because Boy-Ed did not speak Spanish—was sent down to the Department of State the next morning. They had the entire facts before them, and knew everything, and for several months later, when Boy-Ed and Bernstorff were frothing at the mouth and uttering denials, the State Department had the very words that were uttered.

A Girl Outwits Von Papen

"Another incident," he continued, "that is of great interest came when one of our most valued and keenest stenographers in our own office, a girl that came to us seven years ago from about twenty miles outside of Providence, was given a position in the office of the Austrian Consul-General in New York City. She had never been in New York before, but she was head of a number of people in competition, and the man choosing the stenographer they wanted, a capable girl able to do his work and to keep her mouth shut, had been informed that she was the party to choose—by other friends of ours. One day about five or six weeks after she got there she informed us that a great packing case was being filled up with propaganda documents and with bills of expense in connection with explosions in munition plants and other vital and valuable things, and was to be shipped off the following week right straight to England on a Swedish ship and from there to Germany.

"The only thing we could possibly do was to identify the package. One day when they were about to close the package up this girl, under instructions—and I may say incidentally she is now back at work getting her $16 a week—sat on this box eating her lunch. Nearly everybody else had gone, but von Papen, rather debonair, and fond of ladies, wandered in and sat on the packing and asked if he could share her lunch with her. She said certainly, and while they were sharing the sandwiches he made some sentimental advances and she in rather a dreamy way took out a large red pencil and drew two big red hearts on this packing case. It was Capt. von Papen himself who put the arrow through them. And, ladies and gentlemen, when the ship Austria II reached Falmouth they picked that package out of the hold from about 150 others and identified it by the two big red hearts. And yet they say there are no brilliant people but the Germans.

Dr. Albert's Portfolio

Another incident, the loss of a portfolio belonging to Dr. Heinrich Albert, an Austrian official, which contained papers relating to Ambassador Dumba's efforts to incite labor troubles in the United States, created quite a stir among the diplomats. Mr. Rathom told of how a Journal reporter got the papers as the result of which Dumba was sent back to Austria by the President.

"One of the Journal reporters had been shadowing Dr. Albert in New York, but for months nothing seemed wrong. One day he went into a leather-goods store, where he ordered a portfolio and gave the salesman instructions to put his initials on it. The reporter, as soon as Albert had gone out, walked up to the salesman and ordered another portfolio of the same kind, but with no initials, saying he would rather first see how the other gentleman's initials looked. When he came back and saw the initials he said he didn't like them and departed to go to another shop and have the same initials put on his portfolio. His work was becoming less tiresome and less fruitless than it had been. A day or so later Albert, carrying his new portfolio, was followed from the front of his apartments by the Journal man. Albert boarded an elevated train. He placed his bag containing papers on the seat beside him. Suddenly he was stirred by a fight in the front of the car. As he stood up to see what the trouble was, as did nearly everybody else in the car, the portfolios were changed. This happened on a Saturday morning. Albert, in a statement later, said that he discovered the trick the same day, but we know for a fact that he did not discover the difference until Monday morning. Needless to say the men who were fighting on the street car were also in the employ of the Journal."

The Casement Plot

It was through the Journal, Mr. Rathom said, that a great quantity of important papers were secured from Wolf von Ingel. These papers revealed the Casement plot for the Irish uprising. When the papers were taken, Mr. Rathom said, in illustrating his point that there is a certain amount of stupidity in all German diplomatists, von Bernstorff made application to the State Department to have them returned. He was told that any paper he could identify would be returned to him, and then realised how he had committed himself in asking that the papers be returned.

Waited Long To Convince Public

Three days before Bernstorff was ordered to return to Germany, Mr. Rathom declared, he demanded that the American government suppress the Providence Journal.

"Every statement that we have made in regard to German plots in the United States has been proven to be positively true," declared Mr. Rathom. "For the first nine or ten months no one believed what we were saying. We were shouting against the wind. The dismissal of Dr. Dumba was the first result of our months of effort.

"We have not printed one-fiftieth of what we secured, but we were very glad, when events turned, to turn the key on the safe in which it is deposited and forget the balance, because the work we tried to do has been accomplished."

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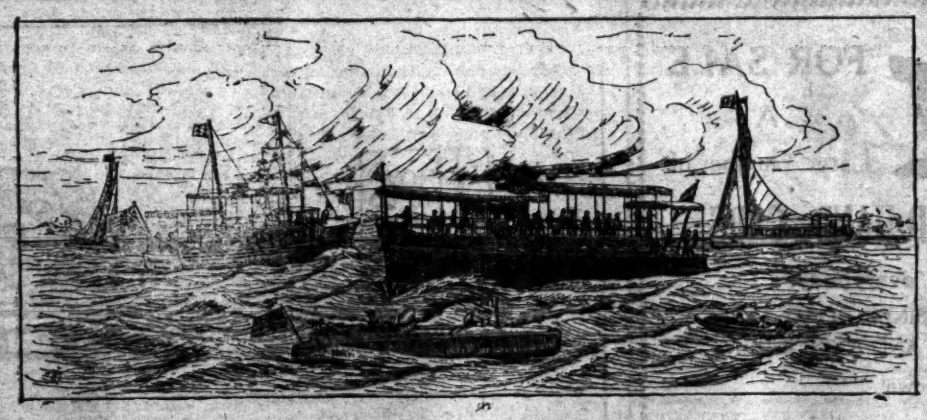

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FAKING AS AN ART IN CONDUCTING WAR

Fifty American Artists Form An Association For Camouflage To Aid The Army

PLAN TO DECEIVE ENEMY

Painted Canvas And Other Means Used To Conceal Guns From Hostile Observation

New York, July 1.—Fifty young American artists, under the auspices of the American Association for Camouflage, and of Columbia University, will soon set out for Camp Columbia, Bantam Lake, Litchfield, Conn., on an expedition which may result in the creation of an entirely new and tremendously important branch of the United States Army—the Camouflage Corps.

Camouflage is a slang word current among French artists, meaning faking, and since the war began it has become synonymous with one of the newest military arts—the art of concealing things from hostile observation, by airplane or otherwise, by painted canvas, branches of trees, or some similar means.

The French had conducted some tentative experiments in camouflage before the war began, and they were the first of the warring nations to recognise its immense importance and to organise a distinct corps, drawing its personnel from the ranks of the younger French artists, architects, scene painters, &c. This corps is now a well-established and very busy branch of the French Army. The Italian Army also has a well-organised and efficient Camouflage Corps, but the British have lagged behind in this respect, and the United States War Department has so far done little beyond theoretically recognising the need of something of the sort.

The American Association for Camouflage was organised some time ago to remedy this defect, with Edwin H. Blashfield as Chairman, S. E. Fry as Secretary, and a membership including nearly every prominent member of the Academy of Design. The association already has several hundred men enrolled for duty in the Camouflage Corps as soon as the War Department organises it, and Mr. Fry is confident of his ability, when the call comes, to enlist any number that may be required.

As the corps will be a distinct organisation, with sufficient employment to fill all its time in its own specialty, the association considers that special military training for its members need go little beyond the rudiments. It has drawn up a tentative plan of organisation, under which a camouflage company of 150 men will be attached to each division of the regular army, under the direct command of the corps commander.

The company commander will probably be a regular army officer, but the non-commissioned officers may be selected from leading artists—landscape preferred—and the rank and file from among young art students of ingenuity and promise, scene painters and similar trades, with a sprinkling of carpenters and handy men of all trades. Mr. Fry expects to call an immensely valuable contingent from among the vast army of moving picture scene builders in and around Los Angeles.

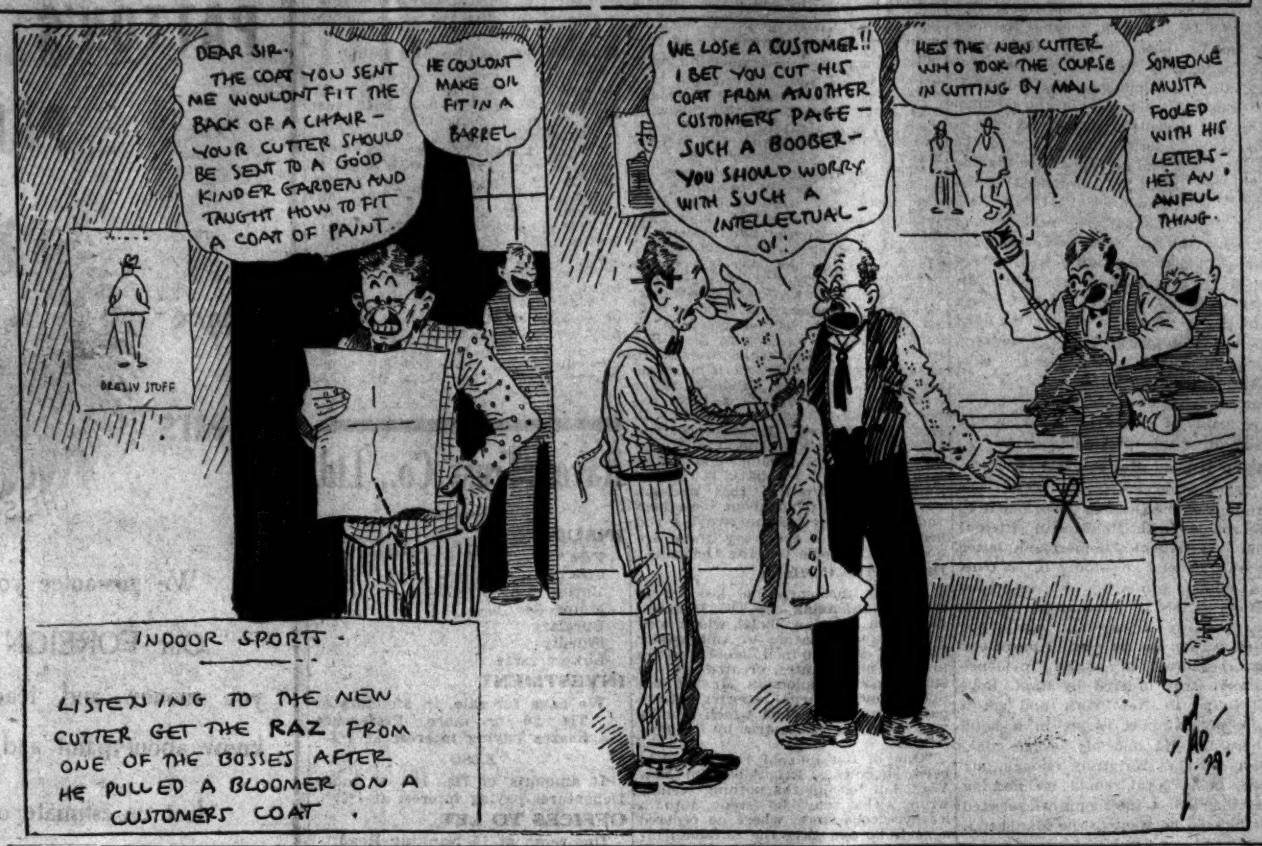
The navy has already gone ahead of the army in enlisting the services of a number of distinguished marine artists as volunteer camouflieurs, and without going so far as to trespass upon forbidden ground, it may be said that they have already proved their value in applying protective coloration to ships at sea, and in some respects, it is believed, have gone further in working out scientific methods of decreasing the visibility of men-of-war than any other navy in the world.

The object of the expedition to Camp Columbia is to enable the artists constituting it to work out in practice some methods of camouflage on land which they have already evolved in theory, in conjunction with the training camp of Columbia men, who will have the benefit of instruction by veterans of the Canadian Expeditionary Force. They hope that some of their ideas will prove a distinct advance upon the best methods of camouflage yet worked out.

Abbott Thayer, among the artists, has worked out a method of applying protective coloration to uniforms to fit any particular landscape or background, which, it is believed, will make a man absolutely invisible at a very short distance, so long as he does not deliberately make himself conspicuous.

While at Camp Columbia, also, the artists will practice hiding cannon and motor trucks and building Quaker guns and mock ammunition dumps to lure the enemy to waste his fire; shielding roads and camps, and other branches of the art. They are hoping at present to obtain an airplane to co-operate with them by flying overhead and trying to discover the objects which they have hidden, thus giving them a practical test of the efficiency of their work.

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad


DEAR SIR.
THE COAT YOU SENT ME WOULDNT FIT THE BACK OF A CHAIR — YOUR CUTTER SHOULD BE SENT TO A GOOD KINDER GARDEN AND TAUGHT HOW TO FIT A COAT OF PAINT.
HE COULDNT MAKE OIL FIT IN A BARREL
WE LOSE A CUSTOMER!! I BET YOU CUT HIS COAT FROM ANOTHER CUSTOMERS PAGE — SUCH A BOOBER — YOU SHOULD WORRY WITH SUCH A INTELLECTUAL — O!
HES THE NEW CUTTER WHO TOOK THE COURSE IN CUTTING BY MAIL
SOMEONE MUSTA FOOLED WITH HIS LETTERS — HES AN AWFUL THING.
INDOOR SPORTS.
LISTENING TO THE NEW CUTTER GET THE RAZ FROM ONE OF THE BOSSES AFTER HE PULLED A BLOOMER ON A CUSTOMERS COAT.

UNJUST TO CHILDREN

Not Fair To Ridicule Their Answers To Test Questions

If one happens to know the answer to any proposition the wrong answer usually appears to be a mark of appalling ignorance. The wisest man may be shown up as a first-class ignoramus by facing him with a series of questions on matters that are entirely strange to him, and yet superior adults continue to extract a fictitious amusement from the blundering answers given by school children in the course of more or less stupid examinations.

One of the latest examples of this sort is based on a test in a Cleveland public school, which included these four questions: "Define the first person. Explain the composition of the blood. What is meant by capital punishment? What is a 'Job's comforter?'"

One pupil gave these answers: "The first person was Adam. Blood is composed of red corkscrews and white corkscrews. A Job's comforter is what you put in a baby's mouth to keep it quiet. Capital punishment is killing people. In some of our States people are hung and in others they are put to death by elocution."

This may be erractic information from the pedagogical viewpoint, and yet the boy revealed an intelligence that is worthy of respect. The young idea in learning how to shoot is easily confused by new words and verbal similarities. What this pupil had learned about the composition of the blood was probably wholly from the instructive discourse of the teacher, and very likely the teacher mumbled her words. When he is a little older the boy will undoubtedly be able to tell the fundamental difference between a corkscrew and a corpuscle, but at present it is a matter of minor importance.

Likewise, he may have had a very good reason for his definition of a "Job's comforter," and although he may have exaggerated the effects of elocution he undoubtedly had the right idea of most of it. In one point he was absolutely right, and that was in his definition of the "first person" as Adam. If this was not the definition desired by the teacher, it was her own fault for not making the question specific.

It does not seem like a square deal to poke fun at children for their ingenuous answers. The mental processes of a child are deserving of greater respect. As a rule they are marvelous, working far more rapidly and with a much greater tenacity than those of an older development. The average brain really becomes duller as it grows older. The extraordinary feats in the acquisition of knowledge are to be found in extreme youth, and the mental progress of an intelligent infant shows a speed that is far more wonderful than that of a college professor.

Early mental progress is concerned wholly with gaining physical and mental experiences and building up a foundation of knowedge out of an absolute ignorance. The later stages consist merely of developing what is already possessed and proceeding by an application of rules and methods that are already well understood. The really awe-inspiring stages of mental development are between the age of six months and twelve years. What happens after the latter age is largely a mechanical continuation and may be taken for granted.

It is the arduous business of childhood to acquire first principles. Enlightenment that comes later is concerned mostly with technical specialties and "general information." In the latter field we do not expect a child to know very much. But we do expect more from intelligent adults and those on the threshold of maturity.

For revelations of abysmal ignorance the latest prize ought to go to a group of students in the University of Chicago. Answers in a recent general information "quiz" held by one of the professors exposed these strange beliefs: Disraeli was an Irish patriot, Gerard is a German statesman, the name of a cigar, an English statesman very active in the present war, and the hero of "Cloister in the Hearts." Lloyd George is the King of England. Zimmerman is a ball player, a prize fighter, and a restaurant keeper on Dearborn Street. Joffre is a prominent Russian soldier.

Not a single student could identify the "Wizard of Menlo Park," but several of them did show their acquaintance with the historic places of Europe by describing the Alhambra as "a theater in London." A quiz on general information might be devised that would baffle almost any well-informed person, but certainly there is no shadow of excuse for any college student going wrong on the questions of contemporary personality here given.—*Providence Journal.*

See Air Mastery In A New Motor

Detroit Man Invents Engine Said To Be Most Powerful Ever Built

Detroit, June 21.—A super airplane motor, designed to conquer the skies for the Allies, help to sweep the seas of German submarines and end the war speedily, has been perfected by a prominent Detroit engineer, whose name is withheld.

The new motor is said to be the most powerful Combustion engine ever contrived, and it is necessary for the men operating it to wear muffs to protect their ear drums. It has been placed before the War Department and received the name of the "United States Aviation Motor."

It is expected the new motor will be accepted as the United States standard for all airplanes.

The average life of the ordinary airplane motor is sixty hours. At the end of that time the motor has to be rebuilt. The "United States Aviation Motor" is so constructed that its life is determined only by the life of the airplane itself.

AMERICAN JAPANESE TO DISCUSS ISSUES

Land And Citizenship Question To Be Considered At Los Angeles

San Francisco, July 29.—Two important cases, on which the future of the Japanese in the United States depends, will be discussed at a meeting of the representative Japanese from all parts of the United States, soon to be held at Los Angeles, California. They will resolve to start a movement aimed at a revision of the existing American Immigration Law, so that the present restriction upon the naturalisation rights and landownership of the Japanese in the States may be removed. The case filed by Mr. Ozawa, a Japanese born in Hawaii, on the naturalisation question, and another case brought into court by Mr. Harada, of California on landownership question in California, will be discussed at the meeting.

HEAT IN U. S. KILLS 332

San Francisco, Aug. 2.—Severe heat that is now prevailing in the Eastern and Middle Western States is said to be unprecedented in the history of America. Already 332 person have died because of the heat.

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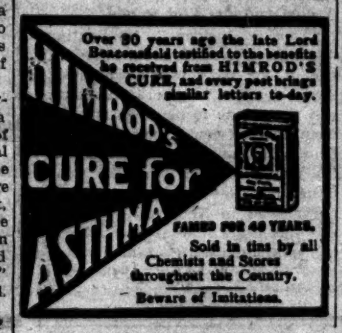
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SPORTS ◎ Latest News of Athletic World ◎ GOSSIP

REDS SHUT OUT NAVY IN HARD FOUGHT FAME

Leaders Take Third Straight, 1-0; Roberts Holds Sailors To Three Hits

The Reds shut out the Navy in seven innings yesterday, 1 to 0, in what was probably the tightest contest since the league season opened, barring few errors which cost nothing. Roberts allowed only three hits, one being of the scratch variety, while McGhee, just off the sick list, also hurled a sterling game, keeping six blows apportioned to as many innings. Half of these were scratches.

Roberts added to his performance by exploding a pair of two-base hits in three times at bat. The fact that he was first man up on each occasion and that nobody else produced spoiled their effect.

Clapp, first man up, brought in the run that won the game in the first few minutes of play, this same tally, developing out of the only pass McGhee issued. Woods moved the doctor along to second with a sacrifice and he took third on Porterfield's roller to Conrad. Bills brought him in with a hit along first base line. The Red shortstop stole second and third but Sokall flew out.

The Navy worked a man around to third with one out in the third inning when Conrad made first on Bills' only mistake and Blanco dropped Hess' easy fly, but the potential marker died there. After that only one sailor got as far as second base.

Each side worked a snappy double play into the proceedings, the big help coming after one was down each time. Navy's came in the sixth after Sokall had hit to center and when Leonard shot Pomeroy's rap to Conrad, who relayed it to Van Kleek. The Reds' turn came as a spectacular finish for the game when Bills ran to second with Collins' vicious rap, beating Luna, and snapped it over to first. The Reds' star shortstop had a particularly busy day, handling twelve out of thirteen chances, besides notching two hits.

The next series game comes Saturday when Reds and Blues meet as part of the day's double-bill, cricketers and ball men contributing the other half.

The series now stands:

	W.	L.
Reds	3	0
Blues	1	2
Navy	1	3

Yesterday's score:

Red Sox

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Clapp, 3b.	3	1	0	0	1	0
Woods, c.	2	0	0	3	3	0
Porterfield, 2b.	3	0	0	2	0	1
Bills, ss.	3	0	2	5	7	1
Sokall, 1b.	3	0	1	9	0	0
Pomeroy, rf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Haile, cf.	3	0	1	0	0	1
Blanco, lf.	2	0	0	0	0	1
Wilkins, lf.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Roberts, p.	3	0	2	1	0	0
Totals	26	1	6	21	10	4

Navy

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Conrad, 2b.	3	0	0	2	4	1
Hess, c.	3	0	0	4	0	0
McGhee, p.	3	0	0	0	2	0
Stephenson, 3b.	2	0	0	1	1	0
Leonard, ss.	3	0	0	0	4	0
Glover, cf.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Van Kleek, 1b.	3	0	2	9	0	0
Luna, lf.	2	0	0	3	0	0
Collins, rf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Totals	25	0	3	21	11	1

By innings:
Reds ..... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0=1
Navy ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0=0

Two-base hits—Roberts, 2. Sacrifice hit—Woods. Stolen bases—Pomeroy, Haile. Struck out—by McGhee, 4; by Roberts, 3. Bases on balls—off McGhee 1; off Roberts, 1. Passed ball—Hess. Hit by pitcher—Luna. Double plays—Leonard - Conrad - Van Kleek. Bills—Sokall.

Umpires—Tinkham and Mitchell.

LEAGUE WATER POLO MATCH IS ON TONIGHT

Rowing Club Team Meets International Club's Team; Other Aquatics

The league water polo match (return game) between the Rowing Club and the Shanghai International Swimming Club takes place this evening in the Municipal Bath near the Rifle Range, and the match should prove a closely contested one, for though the Rowing Club won their first game against the S.I.S.C., the latter made a much better showing against the Police VII than did the Rowing Club. As this game will probably decide who are to be the winners of the Johnstone Shield for 1917 the secretaries of both organisations have issued a special appeal to members of their first teams and also reserves to turn up punctually.

The Rowing Club will line-up:—Goal, E. G. Barnes; backs, F. S. Ward and J. S. Agassiz; half-back, R. W. MacCabe; forwards, H. D. Rodger, E. A. Brodie and I. D. Macdonald.

The S.I.S.C. will take the water as follows:—Goal, C. E. Ozorio; Backs, W. F. Hamlin and A. C. Scriven; half-back, C. Encarnacao; forwards, L. Encarnacao, E. F. Mears and F. A. dos Remedios.

New Championship for S.A.S.A.

It is announced by Mr. Wilfrid F. Hamlin, the honorary secretary and treasurer of the Shanghai Amateur Swimming Association, that a well-known local sportsman, who prefers for the present to remain anonymous, has offered the S.A.S.A. a costly trophy for a Diving Championship of Shanghai. The competition is to comprise three styles of diving, Running Headers (plain dives), Standing Headers (plain dives) and Standing Headers (fancy dives). The competition will be held this year at the annual gala of the Shanghai International Swimming Club which is scheduled for August 31 and September 1, and thereafter it will alternate between the galas of the S.I.S.C. and the Rowing Club or otherwise as the committee of the Shanghai Amateur Swimming Association may decide.

This makes the second trophy presented to the local swimming association this year, the other one being the Johnstone Shield for the Water Polo League, and the S.A.S.A. have now three handsome trophies in all, the third one being the Geo. Mooser Challenge Cup for the 220 yards championship. It is possible, also, that the Hongkong Cup for Water Polo may be transferred to their charge by the S.I.S.C.

Rowing Club Annual Gala Dates

Mr. W. J. Gande, chairman of the bath committee for 1917 of the Shanghai Rowing Club, makes announcement that the annual gala of his club will take place on Friday and Saturday, September 7 and 8, the usual program being followed, including three championships of Shanghai, which will be this year the 220 yards, 440 yards, and Long Plunge.

S. V. C. Orders

Corps Orders by Major T. E. Trueman, Commandant, S.V.C., Headquarters, Town Hall, Shanghai, August 9, 1917.

No. 42. Leave.—Short leave has been granted to the following officers:
Capt. C. H. Godfrey, 13.8.17 to 12.9.17.
Capt. H. D. Hilliard, 6.8.17 to 5.11.17.
Chaplain, Rev. A. J. Walker, 10.8.17 to 31.8.17.

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Lawn Bowls

Scotland bowls the "Rest of Shanghai" a nine rink match tomorrow afternoon, five rinks to be played on the S.L.B.C. ground and four on the Shanghai Recreation Club ground. Activities begin at 3.45. The teams will be:

Scotland.	Rest.
on S.L.B.C. Ground.	
Rink No. 1.	
J. C. Thomson (skip)	G. H. Phillips (skip)
J. Shaw	H. H. Fowler
A. W. McCallum	W. A. Ogden
G. Bloom	F. Large
Rink No. 2.	
A. D. Bell (skip)	O. Crewe-Read (skip)
R. C. Aitkenhead	J. D. Gaines
J. S. McGavin	S. Hammond
G. Dunlop	Alb. Taylor
Rink No. 3.	
G. McMurdo (skip)	G. B. Stormes (skip)
G. L. Campbell	G. Sherman
W. S. Campbell	G. Marshall
A. S. Allan	F. George
Rink No. 4.	
J. Burnside (skip)	J. Scotson (skip)
A. M. McGregor	E. L. Hunter
J. Valentine	T. Harborne
M. B. Anderson	W. Gater
Rink No. 5.	
W. D. McCallum (skip)	R. J. Bowerman (skip)
D. MacDonald	W. S. Featherstonhaugh
D. MacIntosh	C. Komaroff
R. K. Hamilton	E. A. Prince
on S.R.C. Ground.	
Rink No. 6.	
D. McAlister (skip)	B. Anderton (skip)
J. T. Disselduff	P. Ephgrave
G. S. Anderson	W. J. Gande
Arch. Taylor	W. R. Kinipple
Rink No. 7.	
J. Park (skip)	F. Jones (skip)
A. Spiers	G. Hall
D. McGregor	G. Marshgreen
D. Mennie	F. Lloyd
Rink No. 8.	
A. A. Malcolm (skip)	W. G. Brown (skip)
A. Braid	G. Manwaring
D. M. Graham	H. S. Smyth
F. B. Walker	C. Thompson
Rink No. 9.	
J. C. Macdougall (skip)	L. Evans (skip)
W. T. Bissett	J. J. Sheridan
W. D. McCallum	W. Dutton
S. M. Wallace	F. L. Marshall

Reserves for Scotland—J. McPherson, J. Ross and C. Birnie.

S. L. B. C. vs. J. G. C.

The match between the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club and the Junior Golf Club which was postponed last Sunday will be played on the coming Sunday at 3.45 p.m. on the S.L.B.C. ground. The home team will be represented by:

O. Crewe-Read, E. L. Hunter, J. T. Disselduff, W. Gater, A. D. Bell, L. Evans, H. H. Fowler, G. Dunlop, G. H. Phillips, D. MacDonald, F. Large, J. D. Gaines, J. C. Macdougall, A. Taylor, J. J. Sheridan and F. L. Marshall.

Lawn Tennis

The tennis match between the Shanghai Cricket Club and the S. M. Police will be played Sunday at 4.30 p.m. on the S. C. C. courts, best out of five sets. The contestants will be:

S. C. C.
E. G. Norman and St. G. R. Clark.
H. Middleton and L. R. Wheen.
H. Webb and A. J. Grant.
C. D. Field and Dr. A. Moore.
Churchill Knight and J. A. T. Thomas.
Reserves—C. S. Cheetham and A. H. Leslie.

Police
Capt. E. I. M. Barrett, M. O. Springfield, J. Quayle, P. Foley, J. S. W. Milne, J. Adams, C. Bull, R. W. Yorke, H. Jefferson and C. Doyle.
Reserves—R. Ockewll, R. W. Shellswell and T. S. Fry.

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Cricket

'B' Co. Wins Over 'A' Co.

What promised to be a very interesting match between the two British S.V.C. company elevens was spoilt by the one-sided result of the game. "B" Co. batted on Wednesday evening and thanks to a fine display of batting by that familiar favorite cricketer, V. H. Lanning, and a capital exhibition by W. E. Wilson the respectable total of 163 was amassed with only 8 wickets down.

When the representatives of "A" Co. faced the attack of Wilson and Lanning last evening only Clifford could make any headway and his score of 25 out of the total of 46 was the only feature of the innings. Wilson bowled very finely and deserved his figures, and the fielding of "B" Co. was quite good.

The scores and analysis are as follows:—

'B' Co. (Brit h) S.V.C.

W. E. Wilson, run ut	33
H. J. Cooper, b. Monk	6
V. H. Lanning, not out	82
E. G. Barnes, b. Vine	1
W. J. Haynes, b. Vine	5
E. Noakes, c. Kilby, b. Vine	0
C. Cheetham, c. Peek, b. Clifford	0
T. Z. Rawsthorne, c. Clifford, b. Langley	3
J. J. Evans, c. Clifford, b. Vine.	7
F. J. Brand, not out	16
E. O. Wilson, did not bat	0
Extras	10
Total	163

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
W. C. G. Clifford	9	–	35	1
W. J. Monk	7	–	33	1
S. Vine	9	–	44	4
H. Langley	5	–	26	1
W. E. Anderson	2	–	15	–

'A' Co. (British) S.V.C.

W. C. G. Clifford, c. and b. Wilson	25
H. W. Kilby, c. Noakes, b. Wilson	2
H. Langley, c. Noakes, b. Wilson	2
W. J. Monk, c. Evans, b. Lanning	0
W. E. Anderson, b. Lanning	2
S. Vine, b. Wilson	5
S. H. Peek, b. Wilson	0
D. H. Cooke, b. Wilson	1
C. Martin, c. Lanning, b. Wilson.	5
J. E. Cameron, b. Wilson	0
G. F. Forshaw, not out	1
Extras	3
Total	46

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
W. E. Wilson	11.3	3	30	8
V. H. Lanning	11	3	14	2

S. C. C. 2nd XI v. Hanbury School

Shanghai Cricket Club 2nd XI plays the Thomas Hanbury School on the latter's ground at 2.30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The S. C. C. players will be:

S. C. C. Team—E. G. Barnes, H. W. Kilby, Churchill Knight, C. Martin, S. V. Mills, E. G. Norman, G. C. Ross, E. Toeg, E. G. Lover, J. Cockin and W. J. Monk (Capt.).

Powhattan C. C. v. Machine Gun Co.

The Powhattan Cricket Club will play the Machine Gun Co., S. V. C., on the Cricket Club ground at 2.30 p.m. tomorrow. The Powhattan will be represented by: C. C. J. J. Anderson, H. G. Boyling, H. J. Cooper, J. J. Ellis, W. C. Foster, (Capt.) C. E. Harber, W. J. Haynes, S. Hekin, H. Langley, C. E. M. Thomson and W. H. L. Warrener.

Music For Today

Two performances by the Public Band will be given today, with programs as follows:

(a) in the Hongkew Recreation Ground at 5.30 p.m.
1.—March "Spick and Span" ...Ansell.
2.—Overture "The Caliph of Bagdad" ..... Boieldieu.
3.—Waltz "Parisienne" .....Berger.
4.—Selection "The Girls of 'Gottenberg" .....Caryll.
5.—Serenade "Moonlight" ..... Moret.
6.—Selection "Carmen" .....Bizet.

(b) in the Public Garden at 9 a.m.
1.—March "Black Rock" .....Losey.
2.—Overture "Fra Diavolo" ... Auber.
3.—Waltz "Espana" .....Waldteufel.
4.—Selection "The Mikado"...Sullivan.
5.—Song "The Maid of Malabar" Adams.
6.—(a) Waltz "Little Grey Home in the West" .....Lohr.
(b) One Step "Too Much Mustard" ..... Macklin.
7.—Romance "Reveil d'Amour" Robertson.
8.—Selection "The Bohemian Girl" Balfe.

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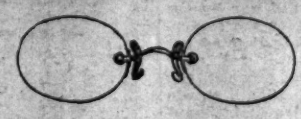

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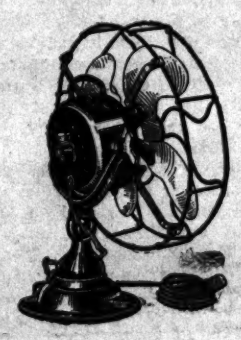

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MRS. R. C. de SOUZA and family, and Mr. F. X. de Souza of Japan, are deeply grateful for all the kindness and sympathy shown to them in their recent bereavement and for the wreaths sent.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, AUGUST 10, 1917

Grant Jones Tries To Explain

ASSESSOR Grant Jones of the Mixed Court is still busy defending and explaining his recent action in the case of General Ting Hwai and the Presidential Seals. Nearly every day he wakes up to find another prop knocked from under him and then hastily devises a new one more insecure than the last.

But yesterday following the powerful and conclusive indictment of his procedure written by Consul General Thomas Sammons to the Municipal Council, which indictment by the way fully bore out the contentions of THE CHINA PRESS, Assessor Jones felt that he had to cast Captain-Superintendent Hilton-Johnson overboard. Therefore he said: "It is of course absurd to contend that an officer of police is in a position to give an assurance or undertaking as to the course that this or any other court will adopt."

Captain-Superintendent Hilton-Johnson was then at the head of the police department of this city. This case was considered so important that he handled it personally. He stood up in court before Assessor Jones, when the petition for a rehearing was being considered, and said that he had given his verbal assurance to the American authorities that the usual procedure would be followed. He also made an attack on the American-Consul General. Why wasn't he reprimanded for giving an assurance he, in the view of Assessor Jones, had no right to give? Why wasn't he censured for attacking the veracity of the American Consul General?

The point in this connection is that he would not have got the American counter-signature to the warrant, which he had to have before he could enter the Kalee Hotel and arrest Ting Hwai, had he not given this assurance. In other words there wouldn't have been any Ting Hwai case if this promise of "usual" procedure had been withheld.

Assessor Jones had before him yesterday seven Chinese accused of a political murder committed at Hangchow sometime ago. He made this case the excuse for interpolating his remarks concerning the Ting Hwai case, seeking, as you will find by reading his full statement in our news columns, to create the impression that the two cases are in a way analogous. And they are analogous to some extent. General Ting Hwai, a member of President Li Yuan-hung's personal staff to whom he entrusted the Presidential Seals when the Republic was being upset by Chang Hsun, was arrested and brought before Assessor Jones. And these seven alleged murderers were arrested and brought before Assessor Jones. About here the analogy ends.

General Ting Hwai, to whom the seals had been given by the President for their safe-keeping from his enemies, was brought before Assessor Jones within an hour of his arrest; Assessor Jones, in response to a telephone message from Acting Superintendent Hilton-Johnson, was at his post in the Mixed Court to expedite matters, and within less than four hours, General Ting Hwai, who had committed no offense, was in the arsenal; and the President's political enemies were in possession of his seals.

But see what happened in the case of the seven alleged murderers. They were arrested sometime late in July. They were accorded time to engage lawyers and see friends. They first appeared in court before Assessor Jones on Wednesday, August First. Their lawyer had not had time fully to prepare his case, and so after some witnesses for the prosecution had been heard, he asked for an adjournment. This was readily granted and the case came up again yesterday. Assessor Jones in the case of these seven alleged political assassins, following the usual procedure, gave them plenty of time to prepare their defense in case they had one.

In turning them over to the Chinese authorities, Assessor Jones made the following remarks: "With regard to the prisoners before us, the evidence which has been produced is at any rate the foundation of a suspicion that these persons may know something about the brutal murder that has been committed at Hangchow. Are they entitled as residents to any protection of this court at all? They are not. All that this court is concerned with is to ascertain that its process is not being abused and there is no reason to suppose *in the present case* that that process is being abused."

The italics are ours. They are unnecessary to complete understanding of the sentence and lead one to infer that the idea is gradually forming in Assessor Jones' mind that the process of his court has been abused in some recent case.

But the contrast between his procedure in the case of a Chinese General in rightful possession of property given into his keeping by its rightful owner, and his procedure in the ensuing case of seven alleged political assassins, must appeal to all fair-minded persons as full and complete proof of all that we have contended in discussion of the Ting Hwai case.

On Monday of this week The North China Daily News published on item from last Saturday's "Shunpao." Our own translator offered it to us Saturday for publication in our Sunday issue but we declined to print it, judging it to be merely a bit of Chinese sarcasm, a characteristic dig at Assessor Jones and Capt. Hilton-Johnson. But here it is:

"The Peking Government, having ascertained that Mr. Grant Jones, British Vice-Consul and Assessor at the International Mixed Court, and Captain Hilton-Johnson, Deputy Superintendent of the Municipal Police, have rendered very valuable service in diplomatic affairs, such as in cases concerning the extradition of serious offenders, has telegraphed instructions to Military Commissioner Lu to call quickly on the said foreign officials and express to them its thanks, and at the same time to ascertain what classes of the Chiaho decorations, if any, they have received from China, so that he may submit a request for the bestowal of decorations of a higher order as a recognition of the meritorious service. General Lu is said to have carried out these telegraph instructions."

Attached to the item was the following, also characteristic, comment by the editor of the North China Daily News:

"The above is a literal translation from Saturday's "Shunpao." It is hardly necessary to add that there can be no question of decorations for the ordinary execution of justice according to the laws of the Settlement.—Ed."

With which we heartily agree. We even go further and say that no question of decorations for these men would have occurred to the Tuan Government or to the editor of the Shunpao, if the action in the Ting Hwai case had been in fact "the ordinary execution of justice according to the laws of the Settlement." Nor if in fact "the ordinary execution of justice according to the laws of the Settlement" had been effected in this case would it ever have occurred to the editor of The North China Daily News to add that foot-note to such a naive and guileless item.

Why is The North China Daily News so anxious to make sure that Assessor Jones and Capt. Hilton-Johnson are not to be decorated by the Chinese government just now? Ordinarily it would be glad to have them decorated, and as in this case it approves everything they did, why doesn't it swallow the whole pill, and openly rejoice in the Chinese paper's announcement that they are to be decorated?

Meanwhile, Assessor Jones, by his various rulings and utterances, especially that one of yesterday, having tossed the American Consulate General, the Municipal Council, the rate-payers, the lawyers and the law of Shanghai onto the junkheap, stands out in the spotlight all alone with scarcely a new world in view to be conquered. And we hope he enjoys being there as much as this community does.

Correspondence

China And The War

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Sir,—On Wednesday the North-China Daily News published a letter of mine in which I stated that most people would share the fear, expressed by the paper in its issue of the preceding day, that Tuan Chi-jui's impending declaration of war against Germany would "only serve to accentuate discord." I said that the South was certain to refuse, on principle, to recognise such a declaration because it would be the illegal act of an unconstitutional government, besides being a party maneuver to secure from the Allied Powers and the United States the financial and other means enabling Tuan Chi-jui to "crush" the South in the constitutional struggle under development. Among other things I added that the entry of China into the war must inevitably divide the country into a North at "war" with Germany and a South in a state of non-belligerency with that Power and that one of the deplorable consequences of such a situation would be that, whereas the North would treat all Germans as enemies and intern or deport them, the South would be logically compelled to allow them to enter its territory and treat them as non-enemy subjects.

Commenting on this letter, the paper said that it was "a typical example of the Chinese politician's inability to think on truly national lines. To wrangle over internal politics was one thing. But the question of whether China shall or shall not declare war on Germany transcends all party differences. When Britain, three years ago, was confronted with a European war, she was on the verge of civil war in Ireland, and party passions ran at least as high as they do in China today. But before that great issue Mr. Asquith had hardly appealed for a truce on the Irish question when he met with the most eager and loyal response from Mr. Redmond on Ireland's behalf."

Without specifically noticing the impertinence of this paragraph, I considered it necessary to interpret the meaning of a letter, written in a sense that must be plain even to the plain man and incapable of being gibbeted as an exercise in parochial politics by any one with the least knowledge of Chinese affairs. I accordingly addressed the letter, reproduced below, to the North-China Daily News with a request for publication in its issue yesterday. As the Editor of the paper has been unable to see his way to do so for a reason that is wholly inadequate, I have to request you, Sir, to permit in your columns the publication of a letter which has been written under the sense of a great fear of oncoming trouble unless the Allied nations and America pause in time to reconsider their relations with a China, coerced into war against militarism by a man and his associates who are the personal embodiment of the most pernicious type of militarism—an armed and ignorant soldiery.

I am etc.

C.

This is the letter above referred to:
Editor, THE NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS

Sir.—You are, surely, not accurate when you stigmatise my letter of the 6th inst. as "a typical example of the Chinese politician's inability to think on truly national lines." I have not only tried and succeeded in thinking in terms of a particularistic independence—as nationalism is beginning to be called—but I have also ventured to think internationally.

I pointed out that in existing circumstances a declaration of war would be an undoubted violation of the charter of Chinese democracy and that, when you added to this fact, the more specific purpose of Tuan Chi-jui to hold the nation in the grip of a military machine strengthened with Allied gold and the naval assistance of a "certain Power," a division of the country would be inevitable if the South were to continue its guardianship of our national liberties. I wrote to urge the Powers interested in the independence and integrity of China to avert this catastrophe by first considering whether, as belligerents fighting for the suppression of militarism, they could reconcile this purpose with the militaristic purpose of Tuan Chi-jui; and in case this moral somersault could be effected, I pleaded that an outbreak of Southern resentment and anger against the nations at war with Germany should be prevented by a refusal at once to suspend the amortisation of the Boxer Indemnities and to make loans to Peking.

As I now see this secondary question of Chinese intervention in the war—rightly so called by the American government—it is more accurate to say that Southern opposition is less to a declaration of war against Germany *per se* than to the Allied Powers and the United States repeating the disastrous action of the Consortium in 1913, when European and Japanese gold alone enabled Yuan Shih-k'ai to crush the South and set out on the road to a military dictatorship and a bogus empire. Not much will be said if Tuan Chi-jui is determined—even unconstitutionally—to declare war on Germany and fight and bleed for the destruction of militarism and in the august cause of democracy and the rights of nations, *provided* he does not insist at the same time on the receipt of silver bullets to shoot the South.

When you parallel the present situation in China with that which existed in Great Britain at the outbreak of the war, you omit to take account of the absence of the most vital point in the analogy. Splendid as was the response to Mr. Asquith's appeal for a truce on the Irish question, it must be remembered that the action of the Nationalists was largely inspired by the consideration that a chivalrous participation in a war for the continued security of British power and prestige would convince Unionists and Ulsterites that Nationalist Home Rule would never be a danger to England as the heart of the British Empire. It is impossible to suggest that a similar consideration rules in the present instance. The precise point and substance of the Southern case is that a declaration of war by the Northern military under the leadership of Tuan Chi-jui is directed not against Germany—as was and is the case in England—but against the South and all that the South stands for. On this view—which is based on the realities of the situation—it would be sheer madness for the South to imitate the action of the Irish Nationalists. And, by the way no Asquithian appeal for a truce has yet been uttered by Peking. Remember that. I am etc.

C.

Shanghai August 8.

Measuring Hunger

It's Done By Swallowing Small Balloon

A method of measuring degrees of hunger which has been devised by an American physician, Dr. A. J. Carlson, is described by a fellow physician, Dr. H. B. Deutsch, in the Illustrated World, as follows:

"Dr. Carlson's work has involved the accurate measuring of hunger 'contractions' through some experiments which would have got him burned at the stake as a sorcerer in Galileo's day. He has measured carefully the pressure and the amount of stomach-contraction in human beings during health and sickness, during waking periods and during sleep, during repletion and during starvation, in new-born infants, in dogs of high and low degree, in rabbits, guinea-pigs, pigeons, turtles, frogs, and snakes. By inserting into the stomach a double-walled rubber balloon, with bismuth-paste between the two walls, he actually has seen the movements of the stomach and photographed them by means of the X-ray. To test the sensitiveness of the inner stomach-wall to touch, he has scrubbed out the inside of his stomach with a stiff brush attached to a strong piano-wire. He has gone without food for days to measure the stomach-reactions during starvation.

"He has tested himself after a cold bath in which the water was only a few degrees above the freezing-point and in which he remained 'as long as was deemed safe, despite discomfort and pain.' He has measured accurately the effect of smoking on hunger, or the effect of constructing the belt.

"How can such tests be made? If hunger is merely the feeling of hunger, how can it be measured accurately? In general, the following method, devised by Dr. Carlson, was employed in the various experiments.

"The subject of the experiment is directed to swallow a small rubber balloon, to which is attached a very flexible tube of rubber. The balloon is inflated after it reaches the stomach, and the rubber tube is slipped over one end of a glass tube which has been bent into the shape of a 'U.' In this U-tube there is a liquid—usually chloroform or bromoform—and on the surface of the liquid, in the arm of the 'U' opposite the one to which the rubber tube is attached, there is a float. From the top of this float there rises an upright, to the top of which a light marker is attached. This marker is so placed that it brushes against a recording surface, which is wound around a revolving drum. As the drum turns, the marker records an even, straight, horizontal line on the recording surface. If the stomach however, contracts, it compresses the balloon, which acts like any other rubber bulb when it is squeezed by shooting out the contained air; this pushes up the liquid in the U-shaped tube so that it raises the level in the arm bearing the float and its marker, and this marker traces a sharp upward curve on the recording surface as the drum revolves. Thus each contraction of the stomach makes a definite measurable record of its duration and intensity.

"According to these experiments, what actually happens when we are hungry is this: As soon as the stomach is empty, a series of weak or slight contractions, gradually becoming stronger, takes place. On an average, these contractions last about thirty seconds each, while the the entire contraction-period occupies from thirty to forty-five minutes. At first the individual contractions are definitely separated, coming from two to five minutes apart, but toward the end of the period, the more vigorous contractions follow one another immediately and without interruption. Indeed in young and vigorous individuals the contractions come so rapidly toward the end of the period that they form a 'tetanus,' or cramp, of uninterrupted contraction, which endures for several minutes. This is the 'hungry stomach-ache' that was such a common affliction in our knickerbocker days.

"This period of contractions is the hunger-period, and each individual contraction is a hunger-pang. The periods come anywhere from half an hour to two and a half hours apart in normal, healthy adults. In infants, where Professor Carlson has measured the hunger contractions by this same balloon method, the contraction periods come much more frequently, and sometimes will cause babies to show restlessness, wake up, and cry. . . .

"There is no doubt but that stomach contraction produces hunger sensations. The sensation as recorded in the minds of the people experimented with and the stomach contractions as recorded on the revolving drum run absolutely hand in hand. In fact, where Dr. Carlson induced artificial contractions of the stomach, such contractions were felt by the subjects of the experiment as hunger, and were defined as such.

"One of the points which Dr. Carlson has brought out is the fact that a sharp distinction must be drawn between hunger and appetite. Appetite is a matter of memory in the individual the pleasurable thoughts of past enjoyment of edibles naturally causing us to seek similar enjoyable experiences. It is through this medium that 'appetizers' work. The general belief has been heretofore that such substances increase the vigor of the hunger contractions. On the contrary, Dr. Carlson has shown that they temporarily allay these contractions, but produce a sensation which tempts us to get 'more of the same.' . . .

"Every one has read tales of shipwreck and the horrors of starvation

(Continued on Page 7)

Holland's Sad Case

Appeals To U.S. To Support Her Independence

By Hendrik Willem Van Loon

Up to three months ago Holland, together with the other small neutral states, looked upon America as the leader in the fight for those scraps of paper which guarantee the existence of states as they do that of private corporations. This has been changed. The attitude of a number of American papers has reflected this change. Insidious little sneers about "a Dutch Queen with a German husband" began to appear. This was followed by a period of ill-concealed mirth at the fabulous wealth of the home-staying Knickerbockers. How they rolled in the guilders, these complacent gentlemen who had invested their surplus pennies in pork and fat and now sold to the Germans at fancy prices. Finally (shades of Mr. Balfour!) came the statistics. Quite marvelous statistics they were. They need fear no contradiction because the editorial paper basket swallowed all contradictions long before they could reach the composing room. Indeed, Holland was made the defendant in a lawsuit in which the jury (the American people) was not allowed to hear the lawyer who intended to plead for the innocence of his client. And while this went on Holland grew richer every day.

'How Rich Has The War Made Us?'

Let me tell you just how rich this war has made us. We have almost six hundred thousand men trained and ready to protect that frontier which has been the safest bulwark of the Allies whose domains border upon the North Sea. These six hundred thousand men cost us a million a day. That means three hundred and sixty-two millions a year. This money has to be paid through direct taxation. This taxation has to be produced in a country where all normal industry and commerce has come to an end. We have no coal mines and we have no raw materials. We are obliged to barter for coal with the Germans. What we get amounts to so little that our railroad service has been reduced to a few trains a day. Our electric light plants have gone out of existence. Our gas factories are working only part of the time. There are no street lamps. The average Dutch family may burn a single light in one room for one hour each day. The poor people all during the winter went to bed at four to keep warm and forget their misery. The schools were closed. The theaters were closed. Street cars ran once every half-hour. And what of the fabulous wealth of our callous merchants selling food to the German enemy? Perhaps three per cent of the population, engaged in the slippery business of war-profits made vast sums which were squandered in foolish pursuits. But ninety-seven per cent of the people has been steadily losing that which had been gathered during long years of patient toil. The blockade deprived them of their raw materials. Taxation did the rest. Submarines and Orders in Council ruined our ancient commerce.

Until at last we have reached the point where people begin to look at us in pity. "Going to be another Greece, eh?" We are not going to be another Greece. For the benefit of those whose breadth of view creates all lands after their own imagined ideal, let me say this: We did not maintain our neutrality because we were too humble to fight. We knew, however, what entrance into the war would mean. It would mean the complete annihilation of three-quarters of our territory and the fate of Rumania and Servia and Montenegro and Belgium. It would mean an endless and desperate struggle around the water fortifications of Amsterdam. It would mean (and it may be well to remember this) that the German fleet could use the Zuyder Zee Islands and the blockaded harbor of Antwerp for a dangerous guerrilla warfare against England. What would become of the horde of refugees whom we have been feeding for over three years is a question which I may leave to the imagination.

Holland Represents An Idea

All this, however, is beside the point. We have an army and, such as it is, it will fight to the last man for just one thing—"our national independence." If we have kept out of this struggle with conscious intent we have been actuated by a different motive. We are not merely a mud-bank along the North Sea. We represent an Idea. For almost a thousand years we have stood for the idea of a Government based exclusively upon the consent of the governed. We fought the most protracted war of history to establish man's right to his own conscience. We gave the world an asylum where the Huguenot of the sixteenth century found the same cordial welcome which was given to his fellow-sufferer of the year 1914. The land of Erasmus became the land of tolerance and liberty of thought. As such we intend to maintain it for the benefit of all.

This Idea, my friends, you can starve, you can blockade it, and if you so intend you can allow it to perish through sheer want. But better that we should go down in the mud of our native soil than become the pitiable object of a small state sacrificed to the interests of her powerful neighbors.

We possess no organised force which can fight the systematic and slanderous slurs upon our good faith as bona-fide neutrals. But we can appeal directly to the American people. And we do. We ask that we be not condemned without a hearing. We demand that we shall not be driven into a policy which would be detestable to the vast majority of our people because in this hour of distress we must be used as a scapegoat for somebody else's blunders. You count a hundred million people. We have only five. You can destroy us. But you will not gain a triumph. You will commit suicide. For the spirit which created our national Ideal is the very spirit which has guided the destiny of your own race.

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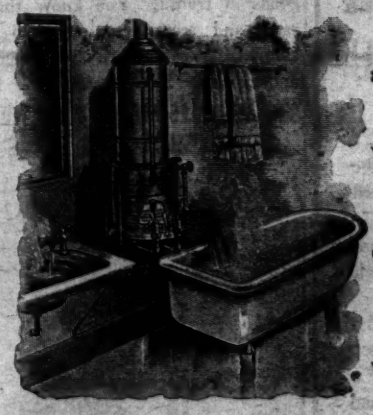
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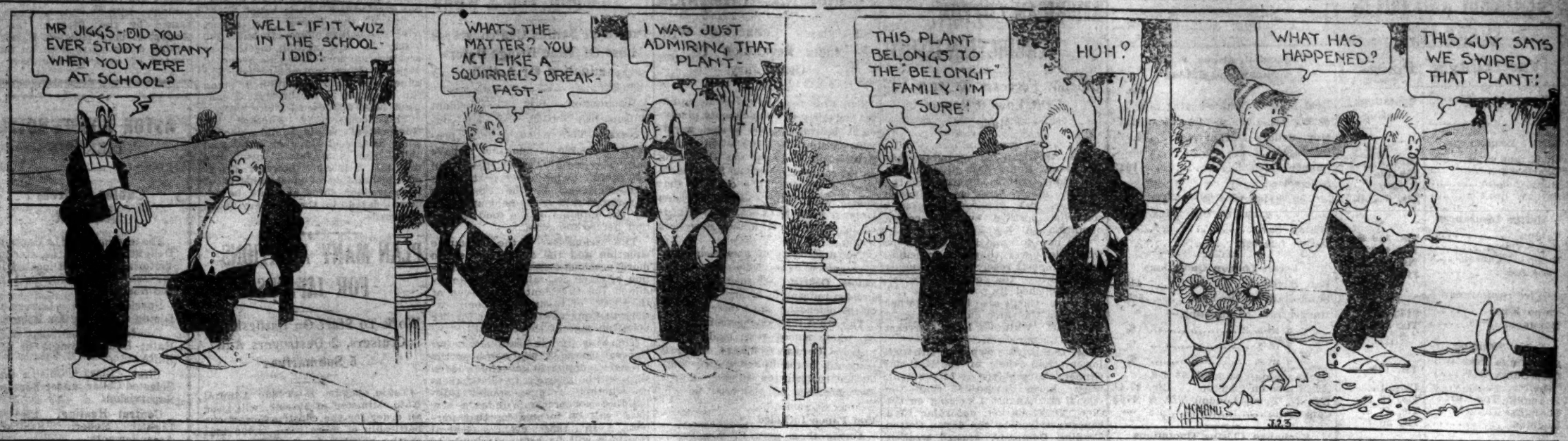
Bringing Up Father

By George McManus


MR JIGGS-DID YOU EVER STUDY BOTANY WHEN YOU WERE AT SCHOOL?
WELL-IF IT WUZ IN THE SCHOOL-I DID!
WHAT'S THE MATTER? YOU ACT LIKE A SQUIRREL'S BREAK-FAST-
I WAS JUST ADMIRING THAT PLANT-
THIS PLANT BELONGS TO THE "BELONGIT" FAMILY-I'M SURE!
HUH?
WHAT HAS HAPPENED?
THIS GUY SAYS WE SWIPED THAT PLANT!
GEO McMANUS

Love, Home and Table Topics By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour

Marquis Okuma Urges Woman's Movement For His Country

Marquis Okuma, who always has some message to his countrymen and to the world, no matter what subject he deals with, comes out this time in the August number of the Shin Nihon, a monthly magazine of his own, with a leading article on the subject of the urgency of solving the problem of woman. His remarks are addressed to the Japanese, whom he thinks should study the problem seriously, especially because it is likely to become all the more a living issue after the war. Marquis Okuma raises the issue, but is too modest to give a final solution of his own, and he throws the burden to his readers.

"Evolution of humanity," Marquis Okuma says, "has been modified by custom to a great extent, and the foundation of custom is established under the guidance of religious sentiment." With this definition to start with, Marquis Okuma analyses the development of religious sentiment and customs of mankind and says that "whether good or bad it must be remembered that they have great influence upon human society."

After more analysis and historical references, Marquis Okuma reaches the main subject of his article, the problem of woman.

Origin The Same

"Customs of human society originate in the family. In Japan, from olden times the family system has been especially developed and even today the old customs of the family system remain. But it is not in Japan alone where customs originate in the family. A family is originally composed of husband and wife. So it comes to this conclusion that the very first origin of customs lies in husband and wife. Morality of mankind begins with husband and wife.

"In mythology we find that Izanami and Izanagi, the two gods, were the beginners of the race in Japan. In Christianity, Adam and Eve were the origin of mankind. They were a husband and wife in each case. Without husband and wife it would be impossible to expect prosperity of children, and children of children. This is self-evident from the point of view of biology. Multiplication of humanity begins with two sexes. Fundamental elements which constitute human society which is composed of individuals are found therein. Sense of duty and responsibility begins there. Light of morality is shed therefrom."

In spite of such importance of the relationship of the two sexes, this problem has not received as much attention as it deserves, says Marquis Okuma. In China which had the oldest civilisation in the Orient and where many geniuses and sages appeared, this problem has not been studied deeply. There was a vagueness in the Chinese conception of the relationship of two sexes.

Husband Commands Wife

"Man was compared to Heaven and woman to Earth, thereby making a distinction of higher and lower ranks in society. Five standards of morality included one regarding the relationship between husband and wife, which is that there shall be a distinction between the two. Asked what interpretation was given to the word distinction, it was answered that husband advocates and wife follows. For 4,000 or 5,000 years this rule of conduct, which was fixed in ancient time, has been observed without question. In India, while somewhat different in the moral conceptions, a true interpretation of the problem of woman is lacking just as in China.

"Buddhists say that women have no house of her own in three worlds—Heaven, Hell and Earth. So they may think that the problem of woman has thus been settled. But such is too dogmatic. They do not tell us for what sin which women have committed are they deprived of their house. In Christian countries of Europe and America, it is different from the Orient.

"The position of women is recognised as a high one. But if one should go back in history of Hebrews, Greece, and Rome, one will find the rights of women were abridged by the power of men. Even today the influence of old customs still remain to some extent. Thus, east or west, past or present, true solution of the problem of woman has not been solved to final satisfaction."

West Recognise Woman

Marquis Okuma, then, reviews the history of development of the ideas as to the relationship between husband and wife, and says:

"The system of one husband and one wife has come to be considered as a proper way for mankind to follow as shown by the laws of nature and realised by our reasoning faculties."

This system has had its history in the west, he tells us. Today the rights of women have come to be recognised so much in many western countries that they are even enjoying the right to vote in elections. In the meantime, in the Orient among many defects the fact that the problem of woman has not yet been solved proves at least that the Oriental ideas of ethics have not made much advancement, he observes.

"One of the chief obstacles in the way of solution of the problem of women is the fact that legislators are all men. In the Orient the rights of men have been recognised, but those of women have not been recognisd. What are women? They are not animals like birds or beasts. They are human beings like men."

Urges Woman's Advance

With this pronouncement, Marquis Okuma analyses the division of labor between men and women, and says that some of the things which men can do women cannot do, and vice versa. He advocates that women should be admitted more and more to societies of men, so that they may enjoy together with men the joys of life. Such customs will, he believes, relieve many of the objectionable features in the societies of men, where for absence of their wives they are liable to call in geisha girls and even questionable women to entertain them. Women should be given more freedom even from the point of view of moral uplifting of society. He tells us that women in the old Japan have not had the opportunity to receive proper education.

"Women were recognised only as creatures to humor men. This attitude of men has bred among women false ideas of morality. A nation oppressed by enemies is liable to tell lies, so it is said. Women having been oppressed by men at home became skilful in telling lies. Telling lies should not be scorned altogether. Lies are a unique weapon for the weak."

After dwelling more in detail upon the inevitableness of subterfuge on the part of women under circumstances in which they have been and are in Japan, and upon the importance of studying the problem of women seriously, Marquis Okuma in conclusion shifts the responsibility of giving a final solution to the readers, as he says he lacks sufficient knowledge and clear vision to do so. But it should not be left to light-minded young men and women to discuss, he says. The problem is going to become a burning issue sooner or later, for the Japanese to settle. Before the storm comes the Japanese people should address themselves to a serious study of the problem to be able to weather the storm when it comes.

Measuring Hunger

(Continued from Page 6)

with the increasingly intense and ravenous desire for food. Dr. Carlson and one of his assistants voluntarily have undergone periods of starvation of five days' duration to determine accurately what takes place. It is true, there is a slight increase throughout the starvation period of the hunger contractions. The records of these experiments show this to be the case. But after the first three days the desire for food diminishes, and sometimes turns to revulsion at the sight of edibles. All discomfort from the experiment disappeared after the first meal following the fasting period, and from the second day thereafter Dr. Carlson states that he felt as though he had had 'a pleasant month's vacation in the mountains.' . . .

"With a definite measurable index as to the strength of hunger, it is possible accurately to determine the results of various external factors on the hunger sensation. For instance, the old cure of tightening one's belt during cases of extreme hunger can be tested out absolutely. That is what Dr. Carlson has done. He finds that in subjects where there is external pressure on the abdominal muscles, the stomach contractions—that is, hunger-pangs—are very noticeably abated. This is due in part to the distraction of attention from the stomach to pressure on the other organs of the abdomen, and in part to the fact that the sensation of abdominal pressure leads to a feeling of satiety. . . .

"Dr. Carlson has found that smoking inhibits hunger-pangs to a marked extent. This is particularly true of the people who are not habitual smokers. Habitual smokers, however, must turn from mild cigars or cigarettes to very strong cigars or pipes before the hunger contractions, as recorded by the balloon method, are diminished. This is Nature's way of insisting that her needs be met."

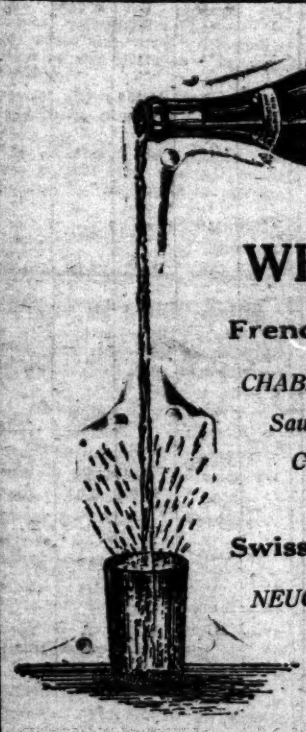
Concerning Kings

By J. J. Montague

It used to be that Queens and Kings
Had cinches on their lofty places;
They ruled all men and bossed all things
With iron hands and frowning faces.
That they must always be obeyed
They gave their subjects ample warning,
And he who murmured or delayed
Woke up without his head next morning.

But now, when folks don't like a King—
His nose, his whiskers or opinions—
His Majesty has played his string
As ruler of those there dominions.
They greet him with a jeering grin,
They call him "oaf" and "molly-coddle,"
And then serenely turn him in
And get a 1918 model.

I used to think I'd like to be
A King, and rule a mighty nation
And hear my subjects shout at me
Applause and cheers of approbation.
But since in Europe they have thrown
A dozen of 'em out already,
I'd rather be a poor unknown
And hold a job that's good and steady.



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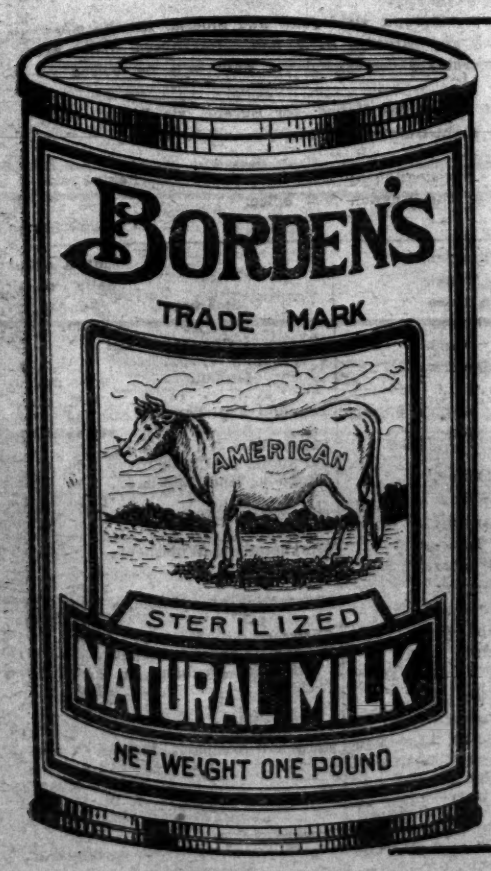

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Chartered	£59 10s.
Russo-Asiatic	R. 250
Cathay, ordy	Tls. 6¼ B.
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 340 S.
North China	Tls. 140 S.
Union of Canton	Tls. 800 S.
Yangtsze	$190
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$143 B.
Hongkong Fire	Tls. 305 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref	Tls. 100
Indo-China Def	
"Shell"	120s. B.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 16 B.
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 47 S.
Kochien	Tls. 36
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 8½ B.
Oriental Cons.	27s. 6d.
Philippine	Tls. 0.80
Raub	$2.45 B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$118 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 78 Sa.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 12½ B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 70 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 74 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo French Land	Tls. 84
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 78 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	$9 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 50
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 162½
E-wo Pref.	Tls. 100
International	Tls. 93
International Pref.	Tls. 64
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 71 B.
Oriental	Tls. 42½ B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 134 Sa.
Kung Yik	Tls. 15½ Sa.
Tangtszepoo	Tls. 5½
Tangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 100
Industrials	
Butler Tile	Tls. 23
China Sugar	$96
Green Island	Tls. 7.30 B.
Langkats	Tls. 15 S.
Major Bros.	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 135
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$15 B.
Llewellyn	$60
Lane, Crawford	$95 B.
Moutrie	$35
Watson	50 B.
Weeks	Tls. 15½ S.
Rubbers (Local)	
Aima	Tls. 10
Amherst	Tls. 1½
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Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 4
Bute	Tls. 1 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 1¼
Chempedak	Tls. 11½
Cheng	Tls. 2.60
Consolidated	Tls. 2.60 B.
Dominion	Tls. 10
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 7.10 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 19¼
Kamunting	Tls. 6 B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.90
Kapayang	Tls. 27½
Karan	Tls. 12¼
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 7.80
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 17 Sa.
Padang	Tls. 13¼ B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 9
Permata	Tls. 3¾
Repah	Tls. 1 B.
Samagagas	Tls. 0.95
Seekee	Tls. 7¾
Semambu	Tls. 1 B.
Senawang	Tls. 14
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.80
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 7
S'hai Malay-pref	Tls. 12.20
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1¾
Sungala	Tls. 1.55
Sungei Durf	Tls. 11½
Sua Manggis	Tls. 5¾
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.92½
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 0.80
Taiping	Tls. 2
Tanah Merah	Tls. 1.07½ Sa
Tebong	Tls. 19 B.
Ulobri	Tls. 2.15 B.
Ziangbe	Tls. 5.10 Sa.
Miscellaneous	
C. I. and E. Lumber	Tls. 110
Culty Dairy	Tls. 10 S.
S'hai Elec. and Ash.	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 70½
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 22 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 30
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 30
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 80 S.
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 220

S., Sellers. Sa., Sales. B., Buyers.

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Established 22 years.
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Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, August 9, 1917.

Money and Bullion

	Tls.
Gold Dollars Bank's buying rate @ 97=Tls. 1.03 @ 72.6=Mex.	1.42
Mex. dollars Market rate	72.375
Bar Silver	—
Copper Cash	1812
Sovereigns:	
Buying rate @ 4/=Tls.	5
exch. @ 72.6=Mex.	$6.88
Peking Bar	—
Native Interest	.09

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	41⅞d.
Bank Rate of Discount	5%
Market rate of discount:—	
3 m-s.	%
4 m-s.	%
6 m-s.	%
Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.	
Ex. Paris on London	Fr. 27.41
Ex., N. Y. on London T.T.	$ 476⅜
Consols	£ —

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T.	4/½
London	Demand	4/⅝
India	(nominal) T.T.	297
Paris	T.T.	554
Paris	Demand	554½
New York	T.T.	95⅞
New York	Demand	95⅞
Hongkong	T.T.	67½
Japan	T.T.	53½
Batavia	T.T.	227

Bank's Buying Rates

London	4 m-s. Cdts.	4/1⅜
London	4 m-s. Docy.	4/1⅞
London	6 m-s. Cdts.	4/2⅛
London	6 m-s. Docy.	4/2⅜
Paris	4 m-s.	569½
New York	4 m-s.	98⅞

Customs House Exchange Rates For August

Hk. Tls. 4.63 @ 3/10⅝			£1
" 1 @ 533⅓	=	Francs	5.94
" 1	No quotation	Marks†	4.85
" 0.97 @ 92⅜		Gold	$1
" 1 @ 55⅝		Yen	2.00
" 1 @ 15		Rupees	3.25
" 1 @ 48⅜		Roubles	$5.35
" 1 @ 1.50		Mex.	$1.50

† Nominal.

Stock Exchange
Transactions

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Shanghai, August 9, 1917.

Official

Kungyik Cotton Tls. 15.50
Tanah Merah Tls. 1.07½
Ziangbees Tls. 5.10

Unofficial

S.M.C. 5½% debs. 1914 Tls. 83.00
Cathays (ord.) Tls. 6.25
Shanghai Cotton Tls. 134.00
Shanghai Docks Tls. 78.00

Sharebrokers' Association
Transactions

BUSINESS DONE

Shanghai, August 9, 1917.

Official

Langkats Tls. 15.00 cash
Batu Anams Tls. 1.00 cash
Butes @ Tls 1.00 cash
Repahs @ Tls. 1.00 cash
New Eng. Tls. 12.50 cash

Unofficial

S'hai Cotton Tls. 134.00 cash

LANGKAT DAILY OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received by the general agent from the Sumatra director and manager of the Maatschappij tot Mijn-Bosch-en Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat:

"The output of crude oil for August 7 was 75 tons."

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and
INSURE YOUR LIFE.

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to the
China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.
10 Canton Road,
SHANGHAI.

British-America Assurance Co.

The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native Risk at Current Rates.

FRAZAR & Co.

AMERICAN COTTON PREDICTION ISSUED

Official Forecast At 70.3 Per Cent, Lowest Report Made

The American census bureau has just issued under date of August 1 the third cotton forecast of the season, which being as pessimistic as ever, has apparently caused a somewhat positive revival in cotton quotations in New York.

The new forecast is 70.3 per cent which is lower than the preceding private reports received. On August 1, following the official forecast, Jays published its condition at 72.5 per cent. Curtis also issued another report on the same day, it being 72 per cent. Watkin's latest forecast being 71.9 per cent.

All the private reports, although lower than that of the National Ginners' latest figure at 74 per cent, were more favorable than the official and August 1 trading on the New York market, according to a report received by the Japan Cotton Trading Company, opened weaker, the opening quotations being 36 points lower. The official forecast proved a powerful influence. Business got brisk and prices shot up to 24.75 for October delivery.

MAY BUILD VESSELS OF PHILIPPINE WOODS

B. W. Cadwallader Of Manila Makes Offer To American Shipping Board

That B. W. Cadwallader, of the Cadwallader-Gibson Lumber Company of Manila, has offered to the shipping board at Washington to construct 100 ships with Philippine timber, in Chinese shipyards, is the news contained in a letter from the United States by a Manila man.

"The offer, if accepted by the shipping board," this man is quoted in the Manila Times, "will, of course, be a boon to the Philippine lumber industry, but a serious drawback of the proposition, in my opinion, is the intended construction of the vessels in China. I am fully convinced that ample facilities exist in the Philippines for the building of the boats, and I think that this belief is shared by other familiar with the situation.

"Moreover the building of the vessels in the Island will give employment to a large number of men in various trades, and will benefit the Islands commercially, to a very substantial extent, through the purchase of other materials needed in the construction and equipment of the vessels locally, instead of in China."

INDIAN COUNCIL BILLS

Reuter's Service

London, August 8.—Tenders for Indian Council Bills and Deferred Transfers were as follows:—

Tenders for Bills.
Highest price 1s. 4-5/32d.
Tenders at 1s. 4-5/32d.
Receive 44%.

Tenders for Transfers.
Highest price 1s. 4¼d.
Tenders at 1s. 4¼d.
Receive 44%

Deferred Transfers.
Highest price 1s. 4-5/32d.
Tenders at 1s. 4-5/32d.
Receive 44%

Total amount sold during the week, Rs. 9.000.000.
Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 9.000.000.

London Rubber Market

Reuter's Service

London, August 8.—Today's rubber prices were:—

Planation First Latex Crepe:
Spot: 2s. 6½d. Paid.
October to December: 2s. 8d. Paid.
Tendency of Market: Firm.

Previous Quotation, London, August 7:—
Spot: 2s. 6d. Paid.
October-December: 2s. 7½d. Paid.
Tendency of Market: Steady.

BAR SILVER

Reuter's Service

London, August 7.—Today's rubber prices were:—

Bar Silver Spot: 41½d. Continental buying, Indian bear covering, Steady.

Previous Quotation, London, August 4:—
Bar Silver Spot: 41d. Steady.

FOR
LAND
IN ANY DISTRICT OF SHANGHAI
See The
CHINA INVESTMENT CO.,
13 NANKING ROAD
Phone 4757

MORE INDIAN PLOTTERS INDICTED IN AMERICA

139 Cases Connected With India Revolution To Grand Jury

San Francisco, July 7.—One hundred and thirty-nine indictments, ninety-eight bearing on an alleged world-wide plot to cause a revolution against British rule in India, and 41 bearing on the so-called steamship Sacramento case, in which it has charged that efforts were being made to provision German warships at sea, were returned by the Federal grand jury here today.

The first batch of ninety-eight indictments were on secret file, United States District Attorney John W. Preston refusing to divulge the names of the defendants until their arrest.

The other forty-one persons indicted, whose names were made public, include German officials formerly stationed in the United States, shipowners, customs and shipping brokers and members of the crew of the steamer Sacramento.

Von Papen Included

Among these were F. von Papen, former military attache of the German embassy in Washington, A. H. von Schack, former vice-consul of the San Francisco German consulate, Walter Sauerback, a lieutenant in the German navy, now interned in this country; Robert Capelle, local agent for the North German Lloyd Steamship Company; Harry C. Kaufmann, former chancellor of the San Francisco German Consulate; Louis Hengstler, former Admiralty lawyer of the German Government here and a former member of the faculty of the University of California; T. A. Anderson, captain of the steamship Sacramento; Ram Chandra, a Hindu, alleged leader of the Indian revolution movement in this country, and J. Clyde Hizar, officer of the California naval reserve and former German agent at San Diego.

In addition the following shipping firms were indicted: C. D. Bunt, Jr., & Company; Swayne and Hoyt; the Northern and Southern Steamship Company; the Golden Gate Transport Company, and the Maverick Steamship Company.

Preparing Before War

"For more than a year prior to the outbreak of the war certain Hindus and German agents in San Francisco were openly preparing for war with England," said Mr. Preston today. "At the outbreak of the war Hindu leaders, members of the German consulate here, and attaches of the German Government began to form plans to incite revolution in India, for the twofold purpose of attempting to free India and air the Germans in their military operations."

Telegraphic warrants were sent broadcast to Federal agents by Mr. Preston, and it was expected many arrests would be made in various sections of the country tonight.

The alleged violation of the neutrality laws in the Sacramento case extended from August 1, 1914, to January, 1, 1917, officials say. The indictments in this case charge the defendants with assisting in the cargoing of German warships with arms, ammunition and supplies, to have been used in the revolution against British rule in India.

Shanghai Tramways

The following is the Traffic Return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week ended August 8, 1917, with figures for the corresponding week last year:—

	1917. $	1916. $
Gross Receipts	28,755.09	29,316.92
Loss by currency depreciation	6,478.82	7,778.49
Effective Receipts	22,276.27	21,538.43
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	23.80	27.85
Car Miles run	74,295	73,555
Passengers carried	1,334,883	1,328,100

LOCAL EXCHANGE MARKET

Messrs. Maitland and Fearon write as follows in their weekly exchange market report:—

Exchange:—The London price of silver at 41½d. is 1⅝d. higher than last week; our local rates for T/T on London have responded with a rise of 1d. to 3/11¾d. Business on both sides of the book is almost at a standstill. The market closed steady.

Our local stock of sycee and bar silver at Tls. 19,867,000 is Tls. 368,000 higher than last week. The stock of Mexican dollars at $17,860,000 is $140,000 up.

WILSON SPEEDS UP WOOD FLEET WORK

President Settles Controversy—Loss Of Time Brings Determination Of Action

Washington, July 3.—President Wilson has settled the ship controversy. The wooden ship program, supposed at one time to have been successfully submarined, will be in full swing early next week. Announcement of the President's decision is said to be held up pending the outcome of the food legislation before Congress.

The seriousness of the submarine situation and the desire to lose no more precious time in the construction of ships are said to have determined the President to act even at the risk of raising new complications in Congress that might further delay passage of the food bill.

There is no indication whether General Goethals, who has been the strongest opponent of the wooden ship, will be instructed to build them or whether a new wooden shipbuilding corporation, under a new head, will be formed for that purpose. In that event, General Goethals will be retained simply to build the steel ships.

No one will venture a guess how the President will confer the necessary power to build the ships or whether any heads will be lost in the process. The Cabinet is known to be a unit for the wooden ship and the warning sent out by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States that a shortage exists in steel has strengthened their belief.

One of the largest contractors, who originally offered to build 200 ships, is now getting together an organisation to double this proposed output. Other contractors who had announced their intention of suing the Government for breach of contract have abandoned these suits.

The controversy whether the Government would build wooden ships and steel ships or only steel ships has now lasted over two months. It has not, however, delayed the building of steel ships or of such wooden ships as could be accommodated in the ordinary wood shipyards.

PLAN MANY ADDITIONS FOR JAPAN'S NAVY

Work To Start On Battleship, 2 Cruisers, 2 Destroyers And 5 Submarines

Tokio, August 1.—Today Admiral Kato, Minister of Marine, will issue an order for the construction of one battleship of more than 32,000 tons at the naval arsenal at Kure; two cruisers, one of 7,100 tons and the other of 3,500 tons, at the naval arsenals at Saseho and Yokosuka respectively; two destroyers, one of 1,300 tons and the other of 600 tons at the naval arsenals at Maizuru and Saseho respectively, and five submarines, each of 500 tons, all at the naval arsenal at Kure. These war vessels are to be constructed in accordance with the big program, passed by the Diet in the last session, to be completed during the coming seven years with an appropriaton of over Y200,000,000.

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL,
TIENTSIN.

Cable Address:
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The leading Hotel in Tientsin. Delightfully situated, facing Victoria Park, and located in the Centre of the Town's Life and Business.

Spacious and Luxurious Dining and Reception Rooms.

Comfortable Bedrooms with Bath; Double, Single or En Suite.

First-Class Cuisine and Selected Cellar, under Foreign Supervision.

Central Heating, Electric Light, Modern Sanitary Arrangements.

Hotel Motor-Omnibus and Porters meet all Trains and Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

FRIDAY, AUGUST 10, 1917

Date and Place	Per	Chi.	British	French	Ger.	U.S.A.	Russian	Japan	Regist
Today									
Japan via Nagasaki	Omi maru	"	"	"	"	"	"	p9.00	8.30
Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada U.S.A. and Europe									
River Ports	Kutwo	"	5.00	"	"	"	"		
Japan Ports	Omi maru	9.00	"	"	"	"	"		
Tsingtao, Dairy, Manchuria & Europe	Sakaki maru	8.00	"	"	"	"	"		
Japan and Tacoma via Moji	Sakaki maru	"	"	"	"	"	"	9.00	
Hongkong	Panama maru	2.00	"	"	"	"	"	a3.00	5.00
Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe		"	"	"	"	"	"		2.30
San F. via Japan Canada, and Europe		"	5.00	"	"	"	"	c.10	1.30
Tientsin (Every day except Sunday)	Panama maru	noon	12.50	"	"	"	"		0.30
Yankow		"	"	"	"	"	"		
Pekingand Tientsin (Every day)	Train	"	5.00	"	"	"	"		ncon
Hankow (Every day)	Train	"	"	"	"	"	"		10.30•
Ningpo		"	"	"	"	"	"		
	Hsin Peking	3.30	5.00	"	"	"	11.30•		
			3.00	"	"	"	5.00		10.0•
Tomorrow									5.00
Weihaiwei, Chefoo and Tientsin	Fengtien	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Chefoo		8.30•	9.00						
Swatow and Hongkong		"	5.00	"	"	"	"		
River Ports		"	5.00	"	"	"	"		8.00•
Chefoo and Newchwang		9.00	"	"	"	"	"		
Swatow, Hongkong and Canton	Ngankin	9.00	"	"	"	"	"		
Japan ports	Kansu	9.00	"	"	"	"	"		
Ningpo and Wenchow	Anhui	9.00	"	"	"	"	"		
Hongkong and Canton	Tjipanas	8.00	"	4.30	"	"	"		9.00
	Kwangchi	9.00	"	"	"	"	4.30	5.00	9.00
Sunday, Aug 12.	Sado maru	3.00	"	"	"	"	"		9.00
Europe via Siberia (Post Train)		"	"	"	"	"	"		5.00
River Ports	†Via Pukow								9.00
	Kiangyung	9.00	7.00•	"	"	"	"		2.30
Monday, Aug. 13.			"	"	"	"	"		
Japan via Nagasaki	Chikugo maru		"	"	"	"	"		5(11th)
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow		"	"	"	"	"		9.00
Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe		x9.00	"	"	"	"	"	p9.00	8.30
Hongkong		"	"	"	"	"	"		
Hongkong and Canton		"	8.00	"	"	"	"		
Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada	Sunning		5.00	"	"	"	"		
Honolulu, U.S.A. and Europe		9.00	"	4.30	"	"	"		8.30
Japan and U.S.A. via Nagasaki	Tenyo maru	"	"	"	"	"	"	4.30	
Japan Ports	Tenyo maru	"	"	"	"	"	"	5.00	9.00
Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada U.S.A. and Europe	Chikugo maru	8.00	"	"	"	x10.30•	"		
		"	"	"	"	"	"		10.0•
Tuesday Aug. 14.									x11.0• 10.30•
Weihaiwei, Chefoo and Tientsin		"	11.00•	"	"	"	"		5.00
Europe via Siberia (Express)	Shuntien	1.30							
Hongkong	†Via Pukow		7.00•	"	"	"	"		10.30•
Wednesday, Aug. 15.		"	8.00•	"	"	"	"		1.00
Europe via Siberia									5(13th)
	Via Pukow	x9.00	"	"	"	"	"		"

†Letters forwarded by this mails only when specially marked.

An asterick (•) denotes a.m.

A Letters and boxes with declared value 2.30 p.m. Parcel post 2 p.m. and money orders noon.

B Postal money orders and parcel post until 5 p.m. on Saturday, August 11.

C Letters and boxes with declared value 0.30 p.m. Parcel post and money orders noon.

D Letters and boxes with declared value 8.30 p.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders noon. Registration 8.30 a.m. Supplementary mails closed at 7 a.m. following day.

E Letters and boxes with declared value 10.30 a.m. Parcel post 10 a.m. and money orders noon.

F

British Post Office.—Until further notice the ordinary and registered letter mails for Europe via Pukow and Siberia will be closed at 5 p.m. on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday. There will be a supplementary receipt of unregistered correspondence between 8.20 and 9 o'clock on the same evening during which time the office will be open for the sale of stamps only.

Chinese Post Office.—Until further notice, mails for Europe, via Pukow and Siberia, will be closed at the Chinese Post Office as follows: Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 9 p.m. Registered mails are closed half an hour earlier. A supplementary mail of ordinary correspondence only will be colsed on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 a.m.

Japanese Post Office.—Until further notice a mail will be despatched for Europe, via Dalny, every Tuesday morning, and via Pukow and Mukden, by the night-train on Wednesday and Saturday.

Mails for Hankow close every day at 11.30 a.m. Registration at 11.30 a.m. and for Peking and Tientsin every day at 9 a.m. Registration at 5 p.m. at the Russian post office.

Local Outports Mail

Permanent Notice

Destination.	Mails.
Shanghai-Nanking Railway.	Close Daily. a.m. p.m.
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang, Nanking, Hankow and North China.	7.00
Soochow, Wuish, Chinkiang, Nanking and all intermediate place	7.30
Nanziang & Klatinghsien.	8.00
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Chinkiang, Nanking and all River ports	11.30
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow and Intermediate places	2.30
Nanziang & Klatinghsien.	4.30
Soochow, Wuish, Changchow, all River Ports and North China	9.00
Shanghai-Hangchow Railway.	
Sinchwang, (Tsipao and Szeking) Sungkiang, Fengking, Kashan, Kashing, Wangtien, Siashih (and Tunghsiang), Changan (also Shihmen and Shihmenwan), Linping (and Tangsi) and Hangchow (also Huchow)	6.30 and 8.00 daily.
Shanghai-Hangchow Train.	
Sinchwang, Sungkiang, Fengking, Kashan, Kashing (and Tangsi), Siashih (and Tunghsiang), Changan (also Shihmenwan) Linping and Hangchow (also Shaoshing & Sloashan).	1.00
Shanghai-Woosung Train	Close Daily.
Woosung (also Paoshan, Kiangwan & Tachang).	6, 7, 9.30, 11.45 a.m. 1.30, 3, 5, 7.30 p.m.
Sunkiang, Kashing, Hangchow and intermediate places	3.00
Ningpo, Chenhai and Wenchow via Ningpo, Shanghai-Hangchow train, 2 p.m., Sundays only.	

Steamer.	Mails close daily except: Sunday. a.m. p.m.
Ningpo, Chenhai and Wenchow	3.50
Launch	close daily. a.m. p.m.
Tsungmi and Paochen	7.00 2.00
	10.45 5.00
Pehsinchen, Chakiang, Pinghu, & Chungku	3.00
Minghong and Nankiao	2.00
	11.00
Hungchow, Nanzing and Linghu	11.00
Minghong and Wukahong, Nankiao	3.00
	11.00
Haimenting ar Miaoches	7.00 5.00
	10.45 3.30
Chowpu	11.00
Tatwan, Nankwei, Fenghsien and Sinchang	3.00
Tachang	7.00
	11.00
Courier.	
Kiangnan Arsenal	8, 9, 10, 11 a.m. 12 noon. 2, 3, 4, 6 p.m.
Siccawei & Tsipao	8, 9, 10, 11 a.m. 12 noon.
Chwansha	7.00 2, 3, 4, 6 p.m.
Foot Boat.	

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund 1,900,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,200,000

Head Office:
38 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Corniah Turner, Chairman.
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.
W. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminister Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

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Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taiping
Delhi	Manila	(F. M. S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy (Lower
Haiphong	New York	Burma)
Hankow	Peking	Tientsin
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Account, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

L. R. BREMNER,
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital ..... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserves ..... Frs. 48,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papeete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Pari et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN,
Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-up Capital ... Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouvernor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Annoyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling, £1,500,000 @ 2s. $15,000,000
Silver 18,500,000
$33,500,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell, Chairman.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Deputy Chairman.
Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton.
F. C. Butcher, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
E. V. D. Parr, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. Stabb.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Peking
Bangkok	Johore	Penang
Batavia	Kobe	Rangoon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Saigon
Calcutta	London	S. Francisco
Canton	Lyons	Shanghai
Colombo	Malacca	Singapore
Foochow	Manila	Sourabaya
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Taingtau
Iloilo		Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN.
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) 55,000,000
Reserve Fund 26,960,000
Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government .. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund 1,750,000
Head office: Petrograd.
Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London Office: 64, Old Broad St., E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpment du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpment du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Harbin	Peking
Changchun	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Newchwang	Tientsin
Dairen	Nicolayevsk	Vladivostock
Hailar	O/Amur	Yokohama
Hankow		

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
G. CARRERE,
Managers for China, Japan and India.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-Up Capital ..... $ 300,000.00
Reserve ..... $ 10,000.00
Deposits (Dec. 31, 1916) $1,400,000.00

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a speciality.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Current accounts in both taels and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.

Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both taels and dollars, will be furnished on request.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000
Paid-up Capital $10,000,000

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:
Peking, Tientsin, Newchang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kaifung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanghai, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foochow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
3 Hankow Road.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts in Taels at the rate of 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
One-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

Head Office
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generale pour le Development du Commerce et du l'Industrie en France.
In London: London, County and Westminister Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION,
Manager.
1, French Bund, Shanghai.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: Yokohama, Japan.

Capital Subscribed .. Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up ..... " 36,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... " 21,300,000

London Bankers:
Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Antunghsin	London	Port Arthur
Bombay	Liaoyang	S. Francisco
Calcutta	Los Angeles	Singapore
Changchun	Lyons	Sydney
Dalny	Mukden	Sinanfu
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Harbin	Newchwang	Tientsin
Hongkong	New York	Tokio
Honolulu	Osaka	Tsingtau
Kobe	Peking	

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus... U.S. $6,500,000.00
Undivided Profits... 1,010,000.00
U.S. $7,510,000.00

Head Office:
55 Wall Street, New York
National City Bank Building.

London Office:
26 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Branches:

Bombay	Hongkong	Peking
Calcutta	Kobe	San Francisco
Canton	London	Santo Domingo
Cebu	Manila	San Pedro de,
Colon	Medellin	Macoris
(Cristobal C.Z.)		Shanghai
Hankow	Panama	Singapore
		Tientsin
		Yokohama

Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution established at:—

Bahia	Rio de Janeiro
Buenos Aires	Santiago de Cuba
Genoa	Santos
Havana	San Paulo
Montevideo	Valparaiso
Petrograd	

The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT on terms which may be ascertained on application, and transacts all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.

H. C. GULLAND,
Manager.
1a Kiukiang Road, SHANGHAI.

Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij

(Netherland Trading Society.)

Established 1824.
Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 60,000,000 (about £5,000,000
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 9,925,431 (about £827,120)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.
Branches.

Banjermasin	Padang	Soerokarta
Bandoeng	Palembang	Tandjong Balei
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tebin-Tinggi
Dejember	Penang	Tegal
Djokjakarta	Pontianak	Telok-Betong
Hongkong	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Kota-Radja	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar	Singapore	
Medan	Soerabaya	

London Bankers:
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.
Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital .. Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.

On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorised Capital ..... H.$2,000,000
Subscribed and paid up Capital ..... H.$1,271,500
Reserve Fund ..... H.$ 120,000
Investment reserve fund... H.$ 20,000

Head Office:
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office:
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Subscribed Capital 1,125,000
Paid-up Capital 562,500
Reserve Fund 600,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street London, E. C.

London Bankers:
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore,	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

R. D. YOUNG,
Manager
7 Nanking Road. 9753

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorized by Presidential Mandates of April 7, 1914 and October 31, 1915.

Paid up Capital: Kunping Taels 10,000,000

Head Office: Peking.
50 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.
SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars according to arrangements.

Credit granted on Approved Securities and Every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

CHAO CHING HUA,
Manager

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
No. 1 Kiukiang Road

Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Paid-Up Captial ... Yen 18,750,000
Reserve ..... Yen 1,470,000
Deposits ..... Yen 120,000,000

President, Baron K. SUMITOMO

Head Office: OSAKA.

Branches:
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Hyogo, Onomichi, Kure, Niihama, Hiroshima, Yanai Shimonoseki, Moji, Wakamatsu Kukuoka, Kurume, Honolulu, San Francisco, Bombay and Hankow

London Banker:
LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED
New York Banker:
NATIONAL CITY BANK OF N. Y.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASAHARA.
Manager
Tel. No. 3536 (Sumitomo Bank).
Tel. No. 4663 (Compradore Office)

中華銀行 Chung Foo Union Bank

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916
Head Office: Tientsin
Capital $2,000,000.00
Paid up Capital $1,000,000.00
Managing Director: SUN TAO SAN

Branches and Agencies:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusieh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuchow	Canton
Pengpu	Hongkong
Tsingkianpu	

Shanghai Branch
141, Ningpo Road

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN,
Manager
W. D. ZAR,
Sub-manager.

AMUSEMENTS

APOLLO THEATRE

Programme for August 10th, 11th and 12th

TONIGHT. TONIGHT.

"THE SHOT"

Drama by Mauritz Stiller, a beautifully produced subject containing many exciting scenes.

IN THREE PARTS

Pathe's British, French and American Gazettes.
Depicting all the principal events

"Bashful Charley's Proposal"
Joker comedy.

"Their Only Son"
L-ko Comedy.

MATINEE, Sunday at 3 p.m.
Showing 3rd and 4th Episodes of
"LIBERTY"
Four Parts.

OLYMPIC THEATRE

TONIGHT at 9.15 p.m. TONIGHT

The Cameos

The Cameos

IN NEW PROGRAMME
SPECIAL SUNDAY ATTRACTION REQUEST NIGHT
Note:—"THE CAMEOS" will render selected items by Public Vote.
ALL REQUESTS TO BE IN BY SATURDAY
Booking at Messrs. S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.
After 5 p.m. by Phone, 1West 147 Olympic

ISIS THEATRE

Corner of Jukong Road and North Szechuen Road (about 150 yards from Range Road)

Two Performances Nightly 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.
Matinees on Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m.

TONIGHT TONIGHT
The Great Serial Picture
"THE FANATIC"
Showing Episodes 9 and 10 in 4 Parts entitled:—
"THE CRYSTAL GLOBE"
"A MESSAGE FROM THE SKY"
Also showing the funniest Comedies:
"THE SCARE CROW AND THE CHAPERONE"
"LEAP YEAR"
"THEIR LAST HAUL"
"WHEN THE LION ROARED"

Usual Prices

St. George's Gardens

(Bubbling Well Road)

Open-Air Cinema

Every Evening

at 9.15

Change of Programme on Mondays & Fridays

TOWA CINEMA THEATRE

No. 3 Woochang Road (Near Chapoo Road)

Programme for August 10th, 11th and 12th

"BUMPED FOR FAIR"
Comedy

"WHO'S GUILTY?"
TONIGHT
Showing 13th & 14th Episodes, entitled:
"The Coad of Jealousy" & "The Irony of Justice"
Four Reels

"LUKE DOES THE MIDWAY"
Lonesome Luke Comedy.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
Every Monday and Friday

Matinee on Sunday at 2.30 p.m.

Admission
Prices: 30 cts., 20 cts. and 10 cts.

VICTORIA THEATRE

NEW PROGRAMME
For August 10th, 11th, 12th & 13th
SHOWING

A photoplay of distinguished inspiration dealing with a vital modern problem. A story of great love, great jealousy and great revenge.

"THE TERRIBLE POISON"
In Six Parts

New Gaumont Graphic
AND
The Comedy Film
"Calamity Anne's Inheritance"

Launch Services

TODAY
The tender conveying passengers to the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 3 p.m.
The tender conveying passengers to the O.S.K. s.s. Panama Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 2 p.m.

Siccawei Weather Report

8.—The barometric maximum advances from the Bonin towards the Loochoos. Low pressures on the Continent and to the east of the Philippines. Normal monsoon along our coasts. Fine and hot weather, at Shanghai.

9.—Fine weather. Fresh southerly breezes. The pressure continues to rise above the normal level.

Thursday, August 9, 1917.

WEATHER.	4 a.m.	9 a.m.
Bar. at Centg., mm	752.52	753.35
" " inches	29.63	29.68
Variation mm. for 24 h	†1.10	†1.06
Variation mm. for 12 h	†1.21	†1.11
Wind { Direction	sw	s
Wind { Kilom per hour	10	12
Wind { Miles	6.2	7.5
Temperature { Cen	24.9	28.2
Temperature { Fahr	76.8	82.8
Humidity: 00	98	87
Nebulosity 5-10	10	9
Rainfall mm	—	—
Rainfall inches	—	—

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Aug 10	5.00*	New York	Toyooka maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 10	4.00	Tacoma & Seattle	Panama maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
" 13	noon	San Francisco	Tenyo maru	Jap.	Alexander
" 15	..	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P. M. S. S. Co
" 21	..	Tacoma and Seattle	Manila maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
" 28	5.30*	Victoria B.C. and seattle	Sado maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Aug 11	4.30*	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Omi maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 13	noon	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Tenyo maru	Jap.	Alexander
" 14	8.30*	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Chikugo maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 16	10.00*	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kasuga maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 17	5.00	Nagasaki	Simbirsk	Rus.	R.V.F.
" 17	9.00*	Kobe	Iyo maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 19	..	Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe	Yawata maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 23	..	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Aug 11	..	Java Ports	Tjipanas	Dut.	H-C T Co.
" 21	1.00	London via ports	Atsuta maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 31	11.00*	Liverpool via ports	Hitachi maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Aug 10	A.M.	Foochow	Hacan	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 10	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B.& S.
" 10	4.30	Ningpo and Pootoo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.Co.
" 11	4.30	Ningpo and Pootoo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 11	P.M.	Wenchow via Ningpo	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.NCo.
" 13	6.00*	Swatow & Hongkong	Anhui	Br.	B.& S.
" 13	..	Hongkong	Sado maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 14	9.00	Hongkong & Canton	Sunning	Br.	B.& S.
" 14		Hongkong	Chicago maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
" 15	D.L.	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Shantung	Br	B.& S.
" 25	..	Manila & Hongkong	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S.Co
" 26	..	Hongkong	China	Am.	C.M.S.S.Co

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Aug 10	A.M.	Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinming	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 10	4.00	Tsingtao and Dairy	Takaki maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
" 11	10.00*	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Fengtien	Br.	B.& S.
" 12	6.00*	Chefoo & Newchwang	Kansu	Br.	B.& S.
" 14	3.00	W.h.w., C'foo & T'sin	Shuntien	Br.	B.& S.
" 14	9.00*	Tsingtao	Sanyo maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
" 14	8.00*	Dairy	Kobe maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
" 15	9.00*	Haichow and Yochow	Paoting	Br.	B.& S.
" 16	..	T'sin, Dairy & T'tao	Kohoku maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
" 17	3.00	Vladivostock	Simbirsk	Rus.	R.V.F.
" 18	10.00*	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & T'sin	Tungchow	Br.	B.& S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Aug 10	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Talee maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 10	M.N.	do	Kutwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
" 10	M.N.	do	Lueny i	Br.	B.& S.
" 10	M.N.	do	Tehhsing	Br.	H.O.S.S.Co
" 11	D.L.	Hankow	Wenchow	Br.	B.& S.
" 11	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Fengyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 11	M.N.	do	Ngankin	Br.	B.& S.
" 14	M.N.	do	Tachi maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 13	M.N.	do	Kiangyung	Chi	C.M.S.N.Co
" 13	M.N.	do	Kia gwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
" 13	M.N.	do	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
" 14	M.N.	do	Tatung	Br.	B.& S.
" 14	M.N.	do	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
" 15	M.N.	do	Wuchang	Br.	B.& S.
" 15	M.N.	do	Tungting	Br	B.& S.
" 17	M.N.	do	Chungking	Br.	B.& S.

* A.M. M.N.—Midnight. D.L.—Daylight.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Aug 9	Ningpo	Kiangteen	2012	Chi.	C.M.S.N Co	KSW
" 9	Dalny	Sakaki maru	1346	Jap.	S.M.R.	SMRW
" 9	Japan	Omi maru	3222	Jap.	N.Y.K.	NYKW
" 9	Hankow	Kutwo	1924	Br.	J.M. & Co.	SHW
" 9	Hankow	Lueny i	1735	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
" 9	Hankow	Fen yang maru	2371	Jap.	N.K.K.	NYKW
" 9	Hankow	Tehhsing	937	Br.	Geddes & Co.	NSW
" 9	Chefoo	Fengtien	1073	Br.	B. & S.	CNW

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
Aug 9	Hankow etc.	Kiangyu	1490	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co
" 9	Swatow, H'kong & Canton	Kwanglee	1268	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co
" 9	Chefoo & Tientsin	Shengking	1315	Br.	B.& S.
" 9	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	1616	Br.	B.& S.
" 9	Swatow, H'kong & Canton	Wingsang	1517	Br.	J. M. & Co
" 9	Hankow etc.	Luenho	1520	Br.	J. M. & Co.
" 9		Kiensin	673	Chi.	Williams & Co
" 9	Ningpo	Kiangteen	2012	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.s Str. Talee Maru, Capt. E. Taniguchi, will be despatched from Pootung N.K.K. wharf on Friday, August 10, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha. No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Luenyi Capt. Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, Aug. 10, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Str. Kutwo, tons 2,664 Capt. Gibb, will leave on Friday, August 10, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. No. 240.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Fengyang M. Capt. S. Takano, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail wharf on Saturday, Aug. 11, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha. No 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Ngankin Capt. Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, Aug 11, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Str. Kiangyung Captain W. McIllwain, will leave on Sunday, night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S. N. Co.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Yohyang Maru Capt. Y. Ikeda, will be despatched from pootung N.K.K. wharf on Monday, Aug 13. at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha. No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tatung Capt. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, August 14, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents Frenceh Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Wuchang Capt. Pickard, will leave on Wednesday, August 15, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Tungting Capt. Wavell, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, Aug. 16, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Chungking Capt Monkman, will leave on Friday, Aug. 17, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents Tel. No. 77.

For Southern Ports

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Hacan, Capt. F. H. Wallace, will leve on Friday, night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Hsin Peking, Capt. A. Scott, R.N.R. will leave from the French Bund on Friday, August 10, at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WENCHOW via NINGPO.—The Str. Kwangchi, Capt. C Smith, will leave on Saturday, night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S. N. Co.

NINGPO & POOTOO.--The Str. Kiangteen Capt. Glen, will leave on Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

SWATOW and HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Anhui, Capt. Eedy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Sunday, August 12, at 6 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation C.'s Steamer Sunning Captain W. L. Jones will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, Aug. 14, at 9 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Chicago Maru, Capt. T. Saito, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtsze-poo wharf on August 14, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the customs jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha. No 4, The Bund Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHW and KEELUNG.—The Steamer Keelung Maru Capt. T. Kamiashi will be despatched from the Co.'s pootung wharf on August 17, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha. No 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Shantung Capt. Meathrel, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, Aug. 16, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire. Agents, Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage, Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The Str. Heinming, Capt. H. MacKenion, will leave on Friday, morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.N.S.N. Co.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Fengtien, Capt. Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, Aug. 11, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHEFOO and NEWCHWANG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Kansu, Captain R. Robertson, will leave on Sunday, August 12, at 6 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Buttterfield and Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Shuntien Capt. Northcombe will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, August 14, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN & TSINGTAO.—The Str. Kohoku Moru Capt. Saito, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo wharf on Aug. 16 at——The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in frint of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Tungchow, Capt. M-Intosh, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, August 18, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire. Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Foreign Ports

TACOMA and SEATTLE, CALLING at VICTORIA B.C. via MOJI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU and YOKOHAMA.—The Str Panama Maru Capt. H. Yamamoto, will be despatched from on Aug. 10, at 4 p.m. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American Ports and overland points conecting with the chicago Milwaukee and St, Paul Railway Co. at seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The tender will leave the customs jetty for conveyance of passengers and mails to the steamer, at 2 p.m. on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please aply to The O.S.K. No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4047.

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, INLAND SEA, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The s.s. Tenyo Maru, 22,000 tons, Capt. H. S. Smith, will leave on Monday, August 13. Tender conveying passengers and mails will leave Customs jetty at 12 o'clock noon Monday, August 13. For passage apply to Toyo Kisen Kaisha, T. N. Alexander, Agent.

TACOMA nd SEATTLE, CALLING at VICTORIA B.C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU and YOKOHAMA.—The Str. Manila Maru Capt. T. Nemoto, will be despatched from on Aug. 21 at ———Through Bills of Lading are granted for American Ports and overland points connecting with the chicago, Milwaukee and St, Paul Railway Co. at seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The tender will leave the customs jetty for conveyance of passengers and mails to the steamer, at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The O.S.K. No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No 4234 and 4047.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANNG. and HANKOW.—
—S.S. Luenyi, Nagankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting, Chungking and *Wuchang.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect with the Company's regular lines on the Upper Yangtsze and Hunan Lake.

*The s.s. Wuchang is especially fitted to handle heavy lifts. Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

FOR HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Anhui, Chenan, Yingchow, Sinkiang, Shantung and Sunning.—Sailing from the French Bund and connection at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hoihow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Hollo, Zamboanga and Australian ports.
Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday, and Sunday.

For TIENTSIN and PEKING via WEIHAIWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shantien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

For NINGPO:—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday nd Friday at 4 p.m. The above steamers are installed with Electric Light throughout, with Steam Heaters in the State Rooms and Dining Saloon, and are otherwise completely fitted for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, Foochow Road.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents, 21-23 French Bund.

Freight: Telephone No. 77.
Passage: Telephone No. 401.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO

U. S. MAIL LINE

Operating the new first-class steamers
"Ecuador," "Venezuela" and "Colombia"
14,000 tons each

TO SAN FRANCISCO

VIA KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU.

THE SUNSHINE BELT
The most comfortable route to America and Europe

SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S. "Venezuela"	.....	Aug. 18, 1917
S.S. "Ecuador"	.....	Sept. 15, 1917
S.S. "Colombia"	.....	Oct. 13, 1917
S.S. "Venezuela"	.....	Nov. 10, 1917

SAILINGS FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

S.S. "Ecuador"	.....	Aug. 25, 1917
S.S. "Colombia"	.....	Sept. 22, 1917
S.S. "Venezuela"	.....	Oct. 20, 1917
S.S. "Ecuador"	.....	Nov. 17, 1917

(Subject to change) ..

The Safety and Comfort of Passengers our first consideration.
Tickets interchangeable with the Toyo Kisen Kaisha and the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.
For further information re freight and passage, apply to

B. C. HAILE, *Agent.*
1b Nanking Road (Palace Hotel Building)
Telephone 5056. Shanghai

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Osaka Mercantile S. S. Co.)
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

AMERICAN LINE
(For Tacoma and Seattle, Wash.)
Via Pacific, calling at Nagasaki or Moji, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Shimidzu Yokohama and Victoria, B. C.

			arr.	leave.
"PANAMA MARU"	(12,000 tons)	Capt. H. Yamamoto,	Aug. 10,	10
"MANILA MARU"	(13,000 tons)	Capt. T. Nemoto,	Aug. 20,	21

(For Hongkong)

			arr.	leave.
"CHICAGO MARU" ..	(12,000 tons)	Capt. T. Saito,	Aug. 13,	14

CHINA COASTING LINE

For Tientsin, Dairen and Tsingtau

			ar.	leave.
"KOHOKU MARU" ..	(2,610 tons)	Capt. K. Saito,	Aug. 14	16

For Foochow, Keelung and Takao

			arr.	leave.
"KEELUNG MARU" ..	(1,569 tons)	Capt. T. Kamiashi,	Aug. 15,	17

The Company also run numerous steamers from Japan to South America, Australia, India, China, Korea, Vladivostock, and also between the Principal Ports in Japan.
For freight, passage and further information, please apply to:—

H. YAMAUCHI, Manager.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Union Building, 4 The Bund.
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, SHANGHAI. Tels. 4047, 4234.

QUICKEST TIMES ACROSS THE PACIFIC

TWO WEEKS Vacation Trips TO Japan

At present rates of exchange the cost of a round trip ticket, good on the large "Empresses," Shanghai to Yokohama and return is less than Mex. $100.00. Connection is made in Yokohama with returning steamer about 2 1/2 days after arrival. The rest of the time you are on board ship.

Tickets are good for six months, permit you to travel by rail between ports in Japan and are interchangeable with the T.K.K. and Pacific Mail.

Book your passage now for September sailing.

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, etc. apply to
G. M. JACKSON
General Agent, Passenger Department, 19-A The Bund, Palace Hotel Building.
Tel. Central 132.

For through bills of lading, quotation of freight rates, etc. apply to
L. E. N. RYAN, Agent,
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads.
Tel. Central 131.

T. K. K.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.)

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.
To San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

"TENYO MARU"	22,000	"	Aug. 13	1917
"SHINYO MARU"	22,000	"	Sept. 10	"
"KOREA MARU"	20,000	"	Oct. 8	"
"SIBERIA MARU"	18,000	"	Oct. 18	"

All the steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performances, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

REDUCED FIRST CLASS RATES by the steamers Nippon Maru and Persia Maru offering superior accommodation, first-class cuisine and service.

Lay-Over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and Canadian Pacific Ocean Services Ltd.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, *Agent,*
North China Insurance Co.'s Building.
Telephone No. 3229. (Entrance, 71 Szechuen Road).

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS

S.S. CHINA

(AMERICAN REGISTRY)
WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU
SEPT. 8, NOV. 19. JAN. 31

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH-CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATE
REDUCED RATES TO MISSIONARIES

FOR HONGKONG
AUG. 26, NOV. 6. JAN. 17
G. J. PETROCELLI, FRT. AND PASS. AGENT
NO. 6 KIUKIANG ROAD.
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"Sooner or later" is a smooth-sounding phrase, but the man who uses Want Ads knows that it pays to DO IT NOW!

SHIPPING

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NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.

(Subject to alteration.)

EUROPEAN LINE.

For London or Liverpool via ports.

*(For Liverpool.)

	Tons		
ATSUTA MARU	16,000	——	Aug. 21
*HITACHI MARU	12,500	——	Aug. 31
IYO MARU	12,500	——	Sept. 16

FOR HONGKONG.

SADO MARU	12,500	——	Aug. 13

AMERICAN LINE.

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, Wash.

SADO MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Shineke,	Aug. 28, 1917
SHIDZUOKA MARU	12,500	Capt. I. Noma,	Sept. 17
INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Higo,	Oct. 13

CHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE. (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Aug. 11
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Yui,	Aug. 14
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yasuhara,	Aug. 19
HAKUAI MARU	5,000	Capt. K. Takano,	Aug. 21
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Sudzuki,	Aug. 25

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji.)

KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yegiu,	Aug. 16
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito.	Aug. 23

FOR JAPAN.

IYO MARU	12,500	——	Aug. 17

AUSTRALIAN LINE.

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila.)

			Leave Hongkong.
AKI MARU	12,500	——	Aug. 14, 1917
TANGO MARU	14,000	——	Sept. 18, 1917
NIKKO MARU	10,000	——	Oct. 16

CALCUTTA LINE.

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

BOMBAY LINE.

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostock, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, apply to

T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai. Tel. No. 2729.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

0⁰⁰ — Midnight, 1330 — 1³⁰ p.m.

July 1st, 1917, and until further notice

Mail 101 B. S.	Mail 3. B. S.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. B. S.	Mail 4. B.	Mail 102. B. S.
2085	835	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2230	1950	1020
2045	1112	635	. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1935	1700	720
2250	1117	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1658	710
600	1125	650	. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep.	1920	1645	700
1910	520	2310	524	arr. Mukden dep.	2201	. .	1040

Local 5.	Mail 3. B. S.			Tientsin-Pukow Line	Mail 4. B. S.	Local 6.
715	1130	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	1705	1612
725	1140	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin Central dep.	1655	1602
745	1200	—		dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1631	1547
1133	1500	—	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	1332	1221
1457	1746	—	148	dep. Techow dep.	1048	928
1801	2021	—	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	806	640
7.	:	—	220	:	:	8.
800	2031	—	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	756	1812
1039	2231	—	266	dep. Taianfu dep.	601	1542
1200	038	—	318	arr. Yenchowfu dep.	349	1311
				dep. Yenchowfu arr.	339	1256
1315	048	—		dep. Lincheng dep.	130	1032
1558	316	—	377	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	2336	810
1816	459	—	—		—	10.
9.	:	—	420	:	:	2037
630	457	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	2329	1442
1156	833	—	523	arr. Pengpu dep.	1958	1412
1206	840	—		dep. Pengpu arr.	1948	928
1657	1152	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	1648	728
1848	1300	—	631	arr. Pukow dep.	1530	

Express 16. B. S.	Express 10. B.			Shanghai-Nanking Line	Express 1. B.	Express 15. B. S.
. .	1429	. .	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	1410	. .
2300	1420	. .	. .	dep. Nanking arr.	1415	650
700	2130	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	755	2300

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line						Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line					
930	1350	2130	d. Yenchowfu a.	630	1230	2000	530	1110	1800	d. Lincheng a.	810	1410	2100
1032	1455	2232	a. Tsiningchow d.	528	1125	1858	638	1219	1908	a. Tsochuang d.	702	1302	1952

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 — train runs on Thursday only. 230 — train runs on Fridays only.

300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

S — train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s — train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, July 1917.

Large Display Advertisements

intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday.

Smiles from the Mixed Court

Kan Sian-foo went away from the Mixed Court the other day with mixed feelings. He had been discharged but apparently he was not giving three cheers about it. He was doubtless glad to get away from this place, where policemen were thick as flies about a melon and stern judges exacted the penalty for trifling with the laws. Nevertheless he went forth radiating gloom. He seemed to have a hunch that the incident was not yet closed.

Kan, who is 15, had purloined a lady's silk jacket and handkerchief and been caught at it. He pleaded guilty to the charge in court. Kan's father was also in court. He told the Assessor that if a discharge could be arranged he would go into executive session together with his son and a length of bamboo of adequate dimensions. Following this conference, he felt sure, Kan would take no more interest in other people's belongings.

The court talked gravely to Kan and turned him over to father. This was where Kan began to appreciate the solemnity of the occasion.

Adieu Ah-doo

According to the constable who made the arrest, Tsang Ah-doo, when taken to the station, admitted having stolen a cane chair from an alley-way off Foochow Road. In court Tsang denied the charge. He was asleep in the alley-way, he said, when he was awakened by the shrill tooting of policemen's whistles. He was afraid that he would be arrested for sleeping in the alley so he got up and ran slam-bang into the policeman. Loh Tuh-tsang, owner of the chair, gave contrary testimony and it was decided that Tsang should be relieved of the necessity of sleeping in the streets during the warm weather.

In The Marts

The transaction whereby 12 pieces of steel bars and a handful of sweetmeats changed hands a few days ago may have had little effect upon the general trend on the Bourse, but it landed Wang Ah-doo and Dzung Ah-nyeh in the Mixed Court, whence they ricocheted into the Municipal jail for a fortnight. The bars, it so happened, did not belong to Wang, who negotiated the deal.

Dzung had come along with the eatables, he said, and had inquired, casually, if he had any old iron to trade. The bars happened to be lying close at hand where a contractor had left them and he hadn't questioned such providence. Dzung said that he had received the iron, but he had no idea either that Wang was doing wrong. He had not maneuvered to bring about the deal. He was going to eat the sweets himself anyway, if the iron hadn't been there.

Spain Protests Over Violation of Neutrality

Commander Of U-Boat That Fired On Vessel Says He Mistook Nationality

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Madrid, August 7.—In connection with the Spanish fishing-boat outrage mentioned yesterday, Count Dato has stated that the submarine commander has explained that his action in firing on the fishing-boat was due to a mistake concerning its nationality. The Government is protesting energetically to Berlin. One of the wounded men has died.

GERMAN AIRMAN IN TRAP

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Flushing, August 7.—A German seaplane visited a Dutch fishing boat and one airman boarded it and ordered the vessel to proceed to Zeebrugge. A Dutch patrol-boat came up and took the fishing boat to Flushing. The German airman will be interned.

Obituary

Major-General Sir George Pretyman

Reuter's Service

London, August 8.—The death is announced of Major-General Sir George Pretyman.

Croce Rossa Italiana

Donations received from July 19 to date:

Sig. G. Frankel	$ 10.00	
Italian War Relief Committee	142.42	Tls. 20.00
Cav. E. Denegri	50.00	
	$202.42 @ 72.1 =	145.94
Total received		Tls. 165.94

@ Exch. 4s. 0 9/16d. = £33.11.6

Remitted to Headquarters in Rome through the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation by D/D £33.11.6.

Il Delegato,
M. DENEGRI.

Shanghai, August 9, 1917.

HUNANESE IN SHANGHAI BITTER AT NEW TUCHUN

Advise Residents Of Their Province To Resist Tuan Appointment By Force

Hunan residents of Shanghai are violently indignant at the mandate appointing Fu Liang-tso the military governor of their province. Following a meeting held outside the International Settlement, they decided to advise their fellow-countrymen to resort to armed force in their attempt to reject Fu. A telegram was sent to the press throughout their native province by Chu Ti-chiao and Li Pow, two of their leaders, to the following effect:

"Hunan has always upheld the doctrine of democracy and the government of the people by law. Therefore bogus governments are always inclined to mutilate its people.

"We all remember Yuan Shih-k'ai in his infamous movement appointed the betrayer, Tang Shang-ming, to rule us and we were slaughtered and our ditches were stained with the blood of our fathers and brothers.

"Now Tuan Chi-jui is repeating the deeds of Yuan and his tool, Fu Liang-tso, is again at our heels. The Hunanese race is going to be extinguished if he once steps on Hunan soil. Let us resist him! Let us resist him with all might and main!"

News Brevities

The result of the drawing of the Powhattan Club War Savings Association Raffle which took place on the August 8th was as follows:—1st Prize won by ticket No. 133, Foochow; 2nd Prize won by ticket No. 196, Hongkong; 3rd Prize won by ticket No. 52, Mukden; 4th Prize won by ticket No. 53, Shanghai.

* * *

Mr. N. O. Liddell, Acting Secretary of the Municipal Council, has returned to Shanghai. Mr. Benbow-Rowe, Assistant Secretary, left on leave yesterday.

* * *

The death on August 2 at Merstham of Mr. George H. Medhurst, an old and well-known resident of Hongkong, is reported in the Hongkong Daily Press. He joined the firm of Messrs. Dodwell and Co. in 1892, retiring from management of the firm in 1912, when he was succeeded by Mr. S. H. Dodwell. He was also on the directorate of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co., the Wharf and Godown Co., the Union Insurance of Canton, and other Hongkong businesses, as well as a member of the Committee of the Chamber of Commerce.

* * *

Ong Li Zien-kung was charged in the Mixed Court yesterday with unlawfully converting to his own use $8,000 worth of National Bonds, the complainants being Zung Dz-kan and Li Kung-kwang. Mr. Stirling Fessenden appeared for the defendant and Mr. Anderson for the complainants. The case was set for special hearing and $8,000 bail required.

AEROPLANE BOMBS FOR JAPAN HEAD HUNTERS

Aviators Try To Bring Recalcitrant Formosa Aborigines To Knees

Tokio, August 4.—Head hunters in the remote districts of Shinchiku, Formosa, are gazing on frightful apparitions in the air these days.

Colonel Arikawa, commander of the Army Flying Corps at Tokorozawa near Tokio, accompanied by several young aviators, has been flying at various places in Formosa since last week. With him is Lieutenant Sakamoto, who studied aeronautics in France, and has made several daring flights and showed his skillfulness in throwing imitation bombs.

There are still many aborigines in the districts of Shinchiku who are stubbornly resisting the combined force of the Japanese policemen and soldiers. These aborigines are said to be good fighters and often kill the Japanese soldiers and policemen, who are encircling these head hunters with a view of subjugating them.

Lieutenant Sakamoto arranged to throw about fifty real bombs in order to terrorise these aborigines from the air.

Shipping Items

The I-C. s.s. Kingsing left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei, Tsingtao and Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Kiangwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachi Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Tuckwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien left Tientsin for Shanghai, via Chefoo and Weihaiwei yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Shantung left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The K.M.A. s.s. Proteus (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinkong left Foochow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchi left Tientsin for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Esang left Hongkong for Shanghai via Swatow on Wednesday.

The C.M s.s. Kwangchi left Wenchow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kwangtah will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The H.O. s.s. Changon left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangteen from Ningpo:—Messrs. B. Chapman, and Borioni.

Per C.N. s.s. Luenyi from Hankow:—Miss E. C. Fullerton and Miss L. P. Wells.

Per I.-C. s.s. Kutwo from Hankow:—Mrs. Saukin, Mr. Milne, Capt. and Misses (2) John.

Per H.O. s.s. Tehhsing from Hankow:—Mrs. Burnip.

Per S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru from Dalny:—Mr. G. Grayrigge, Mr. C. E. Sparke, Mr. E. D. Jackson, Mr. H. O. White, Mr. I. Sternfeld, Mr. B. Lob, Mr. S. A. Kleebien, Mr. H. S. Goodfellow, Mr. E. Tahcher, and Mr. L. A. Smoliansky and boy.

Passengers Departed

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangteen for Ningpo:—Messrs. J. M. Rozario and J. V. Jensen.

C.N. s.s. Shengking for Weihaiwei:—Mr. and Mrs. Master and 2 children, Mrs. Dupac de Marsoulies and Le Villain and Mr. Petch. For Tientsin:—Mr. Cornish.

Per I.-C. s.s. Luenho for Hankow:—Messrs. Bodeseken and Wong.

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Nov 14	Hankow	Albenga	2769	Ger	Carlowitz	US
June 23	Dalny	Alma	585	Br.	M. B. Co.	9 p
Aug 6	Japan	Asosan maru	1221	Jap.	M. B. K.	
Aug 8	Hongkong	Anhui	1555	Br.	B. & S.	MBKW
Aug 4	Hongkong	Bohemia	4282	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	CNW
Aug 5	Hongkong	China	3868	Aus	Aus. Lloyd	B VII
Aug 5	Hankow	Chungking	1511	Br.	B. & S.	YWGW
Aug 8	Hongkong	D. Rickmers	2651	Ger.	H. D. & Co	TKDD
July 17	Hongkong	Donnell	1344	Am.	Pengkee & Co.	USA
Dec 27	Nanking	Fortuna	182	Ger.	H. D. & Co	YPD
Aug 5	Hankow	Hanping	581	Chi.	H.Y.P.I. Co	US
Aug 8	Tientsin	Heinming	1428	Chi	C.M.S.N.Co.	10 S
Aug 8	Foochow	Haean	1339	Chi.	C.M. S. N. Co	KLYW
Aug 8	Iching	Irene	838	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co	KLYW
July 24	Hankow	Kuling	498	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.	YFDW
July 25	Japan	Katsura maru	228	Jap.	K.M.A.	TKDD
July 28	Chinwangtao	Kenken maru	1682	Jap.	M. B. K.	KMAW
Aug 8	Japan	Kumano maru	3147	Jap.	N. Y. K	ODW
July 16	Hankow	Meidah	1682	Ger.	Melchers	W8W
July 30	Hankow	Mellee	1682	Ger	Melchers	US
Aug 9	Japan	Maka	6064	Br.	P. & O.	US
July 30	Tsingtao	Sikiang	1840	Ger.	H. A. L.	BIV
July 26	Hongkong	Silesia	3318	Aus.	Aus Lloyd	C8
July 19	Cruise	Stora Nordiske	894	Dan	G. N. T. Co.	R IX
July 30	Hankow	Suiwo	1883	Br.	J. M. & Co	8 p
July 30	Hankow	Shansi	780	Br.	B. & S.	FND
Aug 3	Hongkong	Sardinia	6574	Br.	P. & O.	WW
Aug 5	Foochow	Tungwah	748	Chi.	C.M.S.N Co.	PWK
Aug 6	Hongkong	Toyeoka maru	4495	Jap.	N. Y. K.	KLYW
Aug 8	Hongkong	Tencer	8650	Br.	B. & S.	B VIII
Aug 8	Hankow	Tales maru	1126	Jap.	N.K.K.	HWYK

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Man	Commander
MMB	Apr. ..	Interned	Decidee	Fr g-b.	630	..	..	
Int. DW	Apr. ..	do	D de Lagree	Fr g-b.	..	..	..	
8 p	Apr. ..	do	Fushimi	Jap g-b	180	..	..	
P&OBI	Apr. 16	do	Monocacy	Am g-b.	190	2	43	McFeaters
P&OBI	Apr. 29	do	Palos	Am g-b.	190	2	43	Delano
BBN	Apr. 13	do	Quiros	Am g-b	370	4	55	Lewis
P&OBI	Apr. 14	do	Samar	Am g-b.	248	4	33	Brown
8 p	Apr. ..	do	Suimda	Jap g-b	120	..	..	
8 p	Apr. ..	do	Toba	Jap g-b	..	..	..	
BNR	Apr. 14	do	Villalobos	Am g-b.	370	4	55	Partello
CNWP	Apr. ..	do	Woodlark	Br g-b	150	..	..	

Vessels To Arrive

From London

Fushimi Maru ..... Sept. 4
Kitano Maru ..... Aug. 21

From San Francisco

China ..... Aug. 26
Ecuador ..... Aug. 31

From Tacoma

Chicago Maru ..... Aug. 11

From Seattle

Sado Maru ..... Aug. 12
Shidzuoka Maru ..... Aug. 29

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

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(99% pure)

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Tel. address "HUPEHMINE"

19731

The Shanghai Stonebreaking Works

SUPPLYING OF ¾", 1¾" and 1" Chips and Sand from Hangchow Quarry Stone broken by Marsden Stonebreaker.

DEALING IN Ningpo Gravel and Sand, Granite, Clay, and other Aggregates for road and pavement making and Concrete Construction.

WORKS: Siccawei, French Concession, SHANGHAI.

SOLE AGENTS: THE TUNGCHI TRANSPORTATION CO. 638-A: Tiendong Road, SHANGHAI.

14552

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE.

Shanghai North To Nanking and Peking—Up (Main Line) Peking and Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS.	Express R	Local	Slow	Coolie Goods	Fast R	Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	7.55	..	8.30	9.00	12.50	15.30	23.00
SOOCHOW dep.	9.41	..	11.02	12.18	14.57	18.13	1.06
WUSIH dep.	10.31	..	12.21	13.45	15.52	19.41	2.10
CHANGCHOW dep.	11.22	6.50	13.42	15.01	16.47	20.45	3.10
TANYANG dep.	12.09	8.03	14.59	16.14	17.43	..	..
CHINKIANG dep.	12.52	8.59	15.67	17.18	18.32	..	5.06
NANKING arr.	14.15	10.55	17.50	19.25	20.05	..	6.50
NANKING FERRY arr.	14.10	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUKOW dep.	8.15.30	T.F.R	..	..	..	..	..
TSINANFU dep.	8.06	Second	..	..	..	..	..
TIENTSIN arr.	16.31	Day	..	..	..	..	..
CENTRAL dep.	17.00	T.F.R.	..	..	..	..	..
PEKING arr.	19.50		..	..	..	..	..

STATIONS.	Local	Slow	Coolie Goods	Fast R	Express R.		Night Express R.S.
PEKING dep.	..	..	..	..	8.35	P.M.R.	..
TIENTSIN arr.	..	..	..	..	11.10		..
TIENTSIN dep.	..	..	..	..	5. 12.00		..
CENTRAL arr.	..	..	..	..	20.31		..
TSINANFU dep.	..	..	..	..	18.00		..
PUKOW arr.	..	..	..	..			..
NANKING FERRY dep.	..	..	..	..	14.20		..
NANKING dep.	..	7.00	7.30	11.15	14.20	16.55	22.05
CHINKIANG dep.	..	9.06	9.52	12.59	16.01	18.35	1.00
TANYANG dep.	..	9.57	10.51	13.40	16.38	19.19	..
CHANGCHOW dep.	6.20	11.14	12.28	14.52	17.36	20.50	3.09
WUSIH dep.	7.31	12.22	13.45	15.58	18.31	..	4.11
SOOCHOW dep.	8.46	13.50	15.08	16.55	19.28	..	5.11
SHANGHAI NORTH arr.	11.25	16.30	17.55	18.55	21.20	..	7.00

R. Restaurant Cars. S. Sleeping Cars. •Connects with through Siberian Service.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (Branch Line) Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down

WOOSUNG FORTS dep.	6.55	8.15	10.45	13.10	14.10	16.20	18.10	19.55	22.10	SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	6.15	7.35	10.05	12.15	14.00	16.20	17.25	19.10	21.30
KIANGWAN dep.	7.22	8.42	11.12	13.37	15.07	16.47	18.37	20.22	22.37	KIANGWAN dep	6.26	7.46	10.16	12.26	14.11	15.41	17.36	19.21	21.43
SHANGHAI NORTH .. arr.	7.30	8.50	11.20	13.45	15.15	16.55	18.45	20.30	22.45	WOOSUNG FORTS..arr.	6.50	8.10	10 40	12.50	14.35	16.05	18.00	19.45	22.00

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAH KOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAH KOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express	Local	Local	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.40	8.55	10.05	....	14.05	....	....	....
Jenfeki dep.	....	8.01	9.16	10.26	....	14.25	....	....	....
Siccawei dep.	....	8.10	9.25	10.35	....	14.34	....	....	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	8.28	9.48	11.00	....	14.52	....	....	....
Shanghai South dep.	....	*8.00*	*9.20*	*10.30*	*13.35*	*14.30*	*16.10*	*18.45*	*18.00*
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	*8.23*	*9.48*	*11.00*	*13.53*	*14.53*	*16.30*	*17.05*	*18.18*
Songkiang dep.	....	9.13	10.55	12.10	....	15.28	17.47	....	....
Kashai dep.	....	10.03	11.58	13.33	....	16.15	18.57	....	....
Kashing dep.	7.20	10.35	12.36	14.16	....	16.45	19.30	....	....
Yeh-Zah dep.	8.09	11.14	13.20	15.15	....	17.21	....	....	....
Chang Aa dep.	9.00	11.49	14.04	16.10	....	17.55	....	....	....
Hangchow dep.	10.38	12 58	15.26	17.47	....	18.54	....	....	....
Zah Kou arr.	11.00	13.09	15.45	18.15	....	19.10	....	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Local	Fast	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express	Local
Zah Kou dep.	....	....	....	6.45	8.10	....	8.55	14.15	16.04
Hangchow dep.	....	....	....	7.15	8.40	....	9.33	14 40	16.38
Chang Aa dep.	....	....	....	8.15	9.56	....	11.03	15.26	17.57
Yeh Zah dep.	....	....	....	8.52	10.40	....	12 30	15.57	18.56
Kashing dep.	....	....	7.25	9.40	11.30	....	14.07	16.38	19.49
Kashai dep.	....	....	8.00	10.05	12.00	....	14 47	17.01	....
Songkiang dep.	....	....	9.18	10.57	13.03	....	16.13	17.49	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	*8.35*	*9.58*	*16.37*	*11.48*	*14.05*	*14.55*	*17.22*	*18.33*	....
Shanghai South arr.	*8.53*	*10.13*	*10.55*	*12.05*	*14.23*	*15.13*	*17.40*	*18.50*	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	....	....	11.44	14.07	....	17.22	18.33	....
Siccawei dep.	....	....	....	11.53	14.17	....	17.32	18.42	....
Jenfeki dep.	....	....	....	12.01	14 26	....	17.41	18.51	....
Shanghai North arr.	....	....	....	12.20	14.45	....	18.00	19.10	....

KON ZEN CHIAO TO ZAH KOU KIANGSU BRANCH LINE. ZAH KOU TO KON ZEN CHIAO

Kon Zen Chiao..	dep.	7.05	8.30	11.05	14.05	16.05	18.15	Zah Kou.....	dep.	....	9.40	12.20	....	17.15	....
Ken Shang Mun.	dep.	7.25	8.50	11.20	14.21	16.20	18.29	Hangchow... ..	dep.	7.45	10.05	12.50	14.55	17.40	18 50
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.35	9.05	11.35	14.31	16.37	18.37	Ken Shang Mun.	dep.	8.00	10.23	13.05	15.10	17.52	19.02
Zah Kou.....	arr.	....	9.25	11.55	....	17.00	....	Kon Zen Chiao..	arr.	8.13	10.35	13.18	15.23	18.05	19.15

Business and Official Notices

The Kuling American School

The Kuling School will begin its second session on the 5th of Sept. The accommodations of the school have been enlarged and fifty pupils can now be comfortably cared for. Five new teachers of fine equipment and large experience have been added to the staff, and the school is prepared to teach all the Primary and Grammar School grades and the first year of the High School.

Fees are moderate. Special rates to Missionaries' children. British pupils welcomed and the effort made to meet their special needs.

Great care given the physical welfare of the pupils. The splendid health of the pupils last session indicates that Kuling is an ideal location for a school.

All inquiries and applications should be addressed to Miss Janet Anthony, Bungalow 187, Kuling. Applications should be sent in immediately.

14730

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that Messrs. P. Conedoch, Kerfoot Pan, K. Y. R. Pan, S. Tucqueton, and H. C. William, have left the employment of THE CHINA COAST STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

THE CHINA COAST STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
W. H. KEEBLE,
General Manager.

14736

NOTICE

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company hereby notifies that Mr. B. C. Haile has been appointed Agent for that Company at Shanghai, effective August 1st, 1917.

Pacific Mail Steamship Company,
B. C. HAILE, Agent.

1B Nanking Road
(Palace Hotel Building).

Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd., hereby notify that on August 1st, 1917, the agency for the Pacific Mail Steamship Company was handed over to Mr. B. C. Haile who has been appointed Agent at Shanghai.

ANDERSEN, MEYER & CO., LTD.

14714

Dr. Carr, L.D.S., D.D.S.
Dental Surgeon,
Room No. 134. Telephone No. 200
Astor House Hotel, Shanghai.
By appointment

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2457.

PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
WESTERN DISTRICT BRANCH.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Council has assumed the control and administration of the educational establishment at No. 88 Avenue Road heretofore known as the Shanghai High School and Kindergarten, which, until further notice, will be considered as a Branch of the Public School for Girls.

The School will reopen on Thursday, September 13, at 9 a.m. for the reception of girls under 12 years of age and of boys under 9 years of age.

The Mistress-in-charge will be in attendance at the School on Monday, September 3, and Wednesday, September 12, from 9.30 a.m. to 11.30 a.m., to enrol pupils and answer inquiries.

The monthly fee is $8, or for Kindergarten children $5: for a family of two children a reduction of 20 per cent., and for one of three or more children a reduction of 33 1-3 per cent., will be made.

By Order.
E. S. BENBOW ROWE,
Assistant Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, August 6, 1917.

14685

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

We have this day removed to 130-A Szechuen Road, next to the Y.M.C.A. Building.

All business will be transacted there.

LEE HING PRINTING CO.
Telephone 3736.

Shanghai, Aug. 3, 1917.

14655

Shanghai-Sumatra Tobacco Co., Limited.

SCRIP for the new issue of shares in the above-named Company are now ready and will be exchanged for Banker's Receipts at the office of the General Agents.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
GEORGE McBAIN,
General Agents,
1 The Bund.

August 6, 1917.

14686

The Best Dentifrice for the Teeth
ODOL
Price $1.00 per Bottle
CHYO & COMPANY
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A.14.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE: One "Victoria" Carriage (Paris manufacture) with Australian horse complete with harness, etc. Apply Box No. 415, THE CHINA PRESS.

14693

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Quick Delivery!
Phone your order and take advantage of our Motor delivery service.
HIGH-CLASS
American and English Provisions, Wines, and Spirits
"Only the Best"
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14319

Have you tried our
"UPPER CRUST"
Rye Whiskey?
—THE WHISKEY—
—OF QUALITY—
Phone 2021
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FOR SALE

Delage 2 seater 10-12 H.P. Car in excellent condition. Recently overhauled and repainted.

Apply: AUTO PALACE CO.
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14697

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Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law. Law Offices,
128A Szechuen Road, Shanghai

14701

TO LET, in select boarding house near Bund, very desirable well-furnished double and single rooms, with good board and service. Cool airy flat, lift and 'phone. Reasonable terms. Apply to Box 413, THE CHINA PRESS.

14690

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Think of
The Marco Polo Scarf
Price Prepaid: $4.25
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JOB PRINTING, ART PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
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PROMPTLY!
NEATLY!
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RING UP **3809**
for a comfortable 5-passenger car
PER HOUR **$4.00** PER HOUR
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ZUNG LEE & SONS, (W. Z. Zee & Sons, Est. 1895), BROADWAY, SHANGHAI
METALS AND HARDWARE
Contractors to Governments, Municipalities, Railways, Tramways, etc.

SPOT CARGO
SOLE LEATHER
SIDES, BENDS STRIPS.
Just Arrived per S.S. Venezuela
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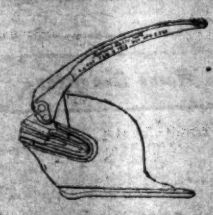
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1 Construction Superintendent (Foreigner)
1 Asst. Building Inspector ,,
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3 Architectural Draftsmen (Chinese)
1 Surveyor (Chinese)
1 Expert Stenographer
Apply to China Agency
INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS
11c Nanking Road, giving details as to training and experience.

JUST RECEIVED
A new shipment of our famous "*Mi Consuelo*" *Cigars*. Made specially for us, of finest selected Tobacco, and packed in various sizes and shapes. Give them a trial.
THE TIENTSIN TOBACCO CO., 19 Nanking Road

The Hwa Yeng Carpet Factory
has removed to
more extensive premises
at
127 Peking Road
Orders undertaken at moderate prices

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that Mr. H. D. Fuller is no longer in the employ of this Company.

GETZ BROS. & CO.
OF THE ORIENT, LTD.

14717

EDUCATIONA

WANTED, lady teacher for lessons on guitar. Apply to Box 417, THE CHINA PRESS.

14695 A.14.

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE
14-15 Quinsan Gardens
Comfortable rooms (Front and back, with bathrooms and verandah) to let. Moderate prices. Good table.
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3482

Nos. 8 & 11 Quinsan Gardens
'Phone 1946
Cosy little rooms to let with all comforts for the summer.
Kitchen and food personally supervised by the proprietress.

TO LET, unfurnished rooms or flat, with verandah, enamel baths, and kitchen if desired; near central, with trams stopping at the door. Apply to Box 433, THE CHINA PRESS.

14737 A.12.

WESTERN DISTRICT. To let, at 61 Carter Road, exceptionally cool, superior furnished, large bed-sitting-rooms, facing south; large verandahs, bathrooms attached; garden, tennis, telephone, tram station. Excellent cuisine. Terms moderate.

14732

TO LET, well-furnished room, suitable married couples or bachelors. Bathroom and balcony attached. Full board, at moderate terms. 12A Quinsan Gardens.

14735 A.12.

MRS. MARY GEORGE (American), begs to notify that she has opened up a boarding house at 31 Boone Road, and is prepared to accept boarders at reasonable rates. The rooms are nicely furnished, and the cooking excellent under her own supervision.

14679 A.10.

WESTERN DISTRICT, to let, furnished rooms, with bathrooms attached. Near trams. British family. Apply to Box 402, THE CHINA PRESS.

14664 A.10.

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED: Experienced shipping clerk, thoroughly conversant with Customs work, and with perfect knowledge of all local conditions pertaining to shipping. Apply to Box No. 429, THE CHINA PRESS.

14723 A.11.

WANTED: Experienced stenotypist for local office. Apply to Box 431, THE CHINA PRESS.

14724 A.12.

WANTED, an experienced printer, capable of taking charge of an old established printing office in the Straits Settlements. One with knowledge of the working of Linotype machines preferred. Good prospects to competent man. Apply, with references and stating age, nationality, and salary required, to Box 424, THE CHINA PRESS.

14713 A.15.

WANTED, European dental surgeon has a vacancy for a pupil to learn dentistry. For particulars and premium required, apply to Box 410, THE CHINA PRESS.

14687 A.19.

CHINESE salesman wanted; must have mechanical ability and an acquaintance with local mills and factories. Apply to Box 419, THE CHINA PRESS.

14702 A.10.

SITUATIONS WANTED

SECRETARIAL POSITION required by expert lady stenographer: 6 years' experience in commercial correspondence. Apply to Box 422, THE CHINA PRESS.

14709 A.12.

AMERICAN age 35 wants position. Experienced in boiler and machine shop practice, accustomed to handling men. No objection to outport. Apply to Box 432, THE CHINA PRESS.

14726 A.10.

YOUNG CHINESE, having good knowledge of English, Chinese and bookkeeping, with both legal and business experience, desires engagement. Apply to Box 412, THE CHINA PRESS.

14689 A.10.

YOUNG MAN (Allied), 26 years old, at present employed, desires change to better position. Excellent working knowledge of English, French, Italian and Spanish. 6 years' experience in China. Good references. Apply to Box 401, THE CHINA PRESS.

14663A.10.

OFFICE MAN of experience, holding responsible position, wants extra work after office hours and lots of it; no work too complex to handle; no position too small to consider or accept, to either one of which I promise true devotion, and to him who favors me with his confidence, I shall be unremitting in my labours to compensate. Apply to Ally: THE CHINA PRESS.

14134

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, 41 Rue Massenet. For full particulars apply to Wha Tung Co., 39, Kiangse Road. Tel. Central 2496.

14716 A.22.

TO LET, five-roomed house, small garden, two bathrooms, stable. Tls. 80 per month. China Realty Co., Ltd., 39 Nanking Road.

14624

APARTMENTS WANTED

BOARD and residence desired by Allied subject, perferably in the Northern district. Reply, stating inclusive terms, with fullest particulars, to Box 430, THE CHINA PRESS.

14721

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED, furnished house or flat, Western part of city, for several months. Apply to Box 428, THE CHINA PRESS.

14722 A.12

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a Peking Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE: Large lace factory has various kinds of laces in stock. Can deliver $50,000 to $60,000 monthly. Will accept small or large orders at reasonable price. Apply to Box 420, THE CHINA PRESS.

14703 A.15.

FOR SALE: Harley-Davidson motor-cycle and side-car, perfect running condition, trial by appointment, cheap price. Apply to Box 427, THE CHINA PRESS.

14720 A.11.

NEWLY ARRIVED, a fine selection of Peking cloisonne articles, ornaments, hand-painted lamp shades, and artistic pictures, etc. Now on view and for sale on the 4th floor of The Industrial Bazaar, Native City.

14711 A.11.

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 8.